

## [CHAPTER 717]

## AN ACT

To suspend for the duration of the war certain requirements of section 11 (a) of the Federal Register Act of 1935.

December 10, 1942  
[H. R. 7162]  
[Public Law 796]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the provisions contained in the first sentence of section 11 (a) of the Federal Register Act (Act of July 26, 1935, 49 Stat. 503, as amended, U. S. C., title 44, sec. 311) are hereby suspended until such time after the termination of the present war as the Administrative Committee of the Federal Register shall determine. The publication of a cumulative supplement to the Code of Federal Regulations instead of a new codification, prepared under the supervision of the Division of the Federal Register pursuant to the provisions of subsections 11 (c) and 11 (d) of the Federal Register Act, is hereby authorized and required.

Federal Register Act.  
Suspension of certain provisions.  
50 Stat. 304.

Cumulative supplement to Code of Federal Regulations.

SEC. 2. The first sentence of section 11 (a) of the Federal Register Act (Act of July 26, 1935, 49 Stat. 503, as amended, U. S. C., title 44, sec. 311) is hereby amended by inserting the phrase "or on the same date of every fifth year thereafter" before the period at the end thereof.

Amendment.

Approved, December 10, 1942.

## [CHAPTER 720]

## AN ACT

To discharge more effectively the obligations of the United States under certain treaties relating to the manufacture and distribution of narcotic drugs, by providing for domestic control of the production and distribution of the opium poppy and its products, and for other purposes.

December 11, 1942  
[H. R. 7508]  
[Public Law 797]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That it is the purpose of this Act (1) to discharge more effectively the obligations of the United States under the International Opium Convention of 1912, and the Convention for Limiting the Manufacture and Regulating the Distribution of Narcotic Drugs of 1931; (2) to promote the public health and the general welfare; (3) to regulate interstate and foreign commerce in opium poppies; and (4) to safeguard the revenue derived from taxation of opium and opium products.

Opium Poppy Control Act of 1942.  
Purpose.  
38 Stat. 1912.

48 Stat. 1543.

SEC. 2. For the purpose of this Act—

(a) The term "person" includes a partnership, company, association, or corporation, as well as a natural person or persons.

"Person."

(b) The terms "produce" or "production" include the planting, cultivation, growth, harvesting, and any other activity which facilitates the growth of the opium poppy.

"Produce" or "production."

(c) The term "opium poppy" includes the plant *Papaver somniferum*, any other plant which is the source of opium or opium products, and any part of any such plant.

"Opium poppy."

(d) The term "opium" includes the inspissated juice of the opium poppy, in crude or refined form.

"Opium."

(e) The term "opium products" includes opium and all substances obtainable from opium or the opium poppy, except the seed thereof.

"Opium products."

SEC. 3. It shall be unlawful for any person who is not the holder of a license authorizing him to produce the opium poppy, duly issued to him by the Secretary of the Treasury in accordance with the provisions of this Act, to produce or attempt to produce the opium poppy, or to permit the production of the opium poppy in or upon any place owned, occupied, used, or controlled by him.

Unlawful production of opium poppy.

SEC. 4. (a) Except as otherwise provided in section 7: (1) it shall be unlawful for any person who is not the holder of a license authoriz-

Unlawful purchase, sale, etc.

ing him to produce the opium poppy or to manufacture opium or opium products, duly issued to him by the Secretary of the Treasury in accordance with the provisions of this Act, to purchase or in any other manner obtain the opium poppy; and (2) it shall be unlawful for any person to sell, transfer, convey any interest in, or give away the opium poppy to any person not so licensed.

Unlawful manufac-  
ture, etc.

(b) It shall be unlawful for any person who is not the holder of a license authorizing him to manufacture opium or opium products, duly issued to him by the Secretary of the Treasury in accordance with the provisions of this Act, to manufacture, compound, or extract opium or opium products from the opium poppy.

Unlawful ship-  
ments, etc.

SEC. 5. It shall be unlawful for any person who is not the holder of a license authorizing him to produce the opium poppy or to manufacture opium or opium products, duly issued to him by the Secretary of the Treasury in accordance with the provisions of this Act, to send, ship, carry, transport, or deliver any opium poppies within any State, Territory, the District of Columbia, the Canal Zone, or insular possession of the United States, or from any State, Territory, the District of Columbia, the Canal Zone, or insular possession of the United States, into any other State, Territory, the District of Columbia, the Canal Zone, or insular possession of the United States: *Provided*, That nothing contained in this section shall apply to any common carrier engaged in transporting opium poppies pursuant to an agreement with a person duly licensed under the provisions of this Act as a producer of the opium poppy, or as a manufacturer of opium or opium products, or to any employee of any person so licensed while acting within the scope of his employment.

*Proviso.*  
Common carrier  
transporting opium  
poppies.

Licenses.

SEC. 6. (a) Any person who desires to procure a license to produce the opium poppy, or to manufacture opium or opium products, shall make application therefor in such manner and form as the Secretary of the Treasury shall by rules and regulations prescribe.

For production of  
opium poppy.

(b) A license to produce the opium poppy shall be issued only to a person who, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Treasury, is determined to be a person (1) of good moral character; (2) of suitable financial standing and farming experience; (3) who owns or controls suitable farm land to be used as a production area, in such locality, as will, in the judgment of the Secretary of the Treasury, render reasonably probable the efficient and diligent performance of the operations of producing the opium poppy in appropriate number and quality; and (4) who complies with such additional requirements as the Secretary of the Treasury shall deem and prescribe as reasonably necessary for the controlled production and distribution of the opium poppy. Each such license shall be nontransferable and shall be valid only to the extent of the production area and maximum weight of opium poppy yield specified in the license, shall state the locality of the production area, and shall be effective for a period of one year from the date of issue and may be renewed, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, for a like period.

For manufacture of  
opium or opium prod-  
ucts.

(c) A license to manufacture opium or opium products shall be issued only to a person who, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Treasury, is determined to be a person (1) of good moral character; (2) who possesses a method and facilities, deemed satisfactory to the Secretary of the Treasury, for the efficient and economical extraction of opium or opium products; (3) who has such experience in manufacturing and marketing other medicinal drugs as to render reasonably probable the orderly and lawful distribution of opium or opium products of suitable quality to supply medical and scientific needs; and (4) who complies with such additional requirements as the Secretary of the Treasury shall deem and prescribe as reasonably necessary

for the controlled production, manufacture, and distribution of the opium poppy, opium, or opium products. Such license shall be non-transferable, shall state the maximum quantity of opium poppies purchasable or obtainable thereunder, and shall be effective for a period of one year from the date of issue and may be renewed, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury, for a like period.

(d) All licenses issued under this Act shall be limited to such number, localities, and areas as the Secretary of the Treasury shall determine to be appropriate to supply the medical and scientific needs of the United States for opium or opium products, with due regard to provision for reasonable reserves: *Provided, however*, That nothing contained in this Act shall be construed as requiring the Secretary of the Treasury to issue or renew any license or licenses under the provisions of this Act.

(e) The Secretary of the Treasury may revoke or refuse to renew any license issued under this Act, if, after due notice and opportunity for hearing, he finds such action to be in the public interest, or finds that the licensee has failed to maintain the requisite qualifications.

SEC. 7. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, transfer, convey any interest in, or give away, except to a person duly licensed under this Act, or for any unlicensed person to purchase or otherwise obtain, opium poppy seed for the purpose of opium poppy production: *Provided*, That the seed obtained from opium poppies produced by licensed producers may be sold or transferred by such producers to unlicensed persons, and may thereafter be resold or transferred, for ultimate consumption as a spice seed or for the manufacture of oil.

SEC. 8. (a) Any opium poppies which have been produced or otherwise obtained heretofore, and which may be produced or otherwise obtained hereafter in violation of any of the provisions of this Act, shall be seized by and forfeited to the United States.

(b) The failure, upon demand by the Secretary of the Treasury, or his duly authorized agent, of the person in occupancy or control of land or premises upon which opium poppies are being produced or stored to produce an appropriate license, or proof that he is the holder thereof, shall constitute authority for the seizure and forfeiture of such opium poppies.

(c) The Secretary of the Treasury, or his duly authorized agent, shall have authority to enter upon any land (but not a dwelling house, unless pursuant to a search warrant issued according to law) where opium poppies are being produced or stored, for the purposes of enforcing the provisions of this Act.

(d) Any opium poppies, the owner or owners of which are unknown, seized by or coming into the possession of the United States in the enforcement of this Act shall be forfeited to the United States.

(e) The Secretary of the Treasury is hereby directed to destroy any opium poppies seized by and forfeited to the United States under this section, or to deliver for medical or scientific purposes such opium poppies to any department, bureau, or other agency of the United States Government, upon proper application therefor under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

SEC. 9. (a) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to repeal any provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, except that the provisions of subchapter A of chapter 23, and part V of subchapter A of chapter 27 of the Internal Revenue Code shall not apply to the production, sale, or transfer of opium poppies, when such opium poppies are lawfully produced, sold, or transferred by persons duly licensed under this Act in conformity with the provisions of this Act and the regulations issued pursuant thereto.

Limitations.

*Proviso.*

Right to terminate license.

Opium poppy seed. Unlawful transactions.

*Proviso.* Sale or transfer for lawful uses.

Seizures and forfeitures.

Failure to produce appropriate license.

Authority to enter upon land.

Forfeiture when owner unknown.

Disposition.

Provisions of designated laws not repealed.

53 Stat., Part 1.  
26 U. S. C.; 26 U. S. C., Supp. I.  
53 Stat. 269, 382.  
26 U. S. C. §§ 2550-2565, 3220-3228.

(b) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to repeal any provision of the Narcotic Drugs Import and Export Act, as amended (U. S. C., title 21, secs. 171-184) : *Provided*, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to limit further or to prohibit entirely the importation or bringing in of crude opium, to the extent that he shall find the medical and scientific needs of the United States for opium or opium products are being, or can be, supplied by opium poppies produced in accordance with this Act.

SEC. 10. (a) It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury, whenever in his opinion the medical and scientific needs of the Nation will not be met by importation or licensed production, to provide for the acquisition of opium poppy seed, for the production of the opium poppy, for the manufacture of opium or opium products, and for the use, sale, giving away, or other proper distribution of opium poppy seed, opium poppies, opium, or opium products by the United States Government either directly or through and with the approval of the head of any agency of the Government, including any Government-owned or controlled corporation.

(b) None of the prohibitions contained in this Act shall apply to any officer or employee of the United States Treasury Department, who in the performance of his official duties and within the scope of his authority engages in any of the businesses or activities herein described, nor to any other officer or employee of the United States Government, who in the performance of his official duties, within the scope of his authority and with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, engages in any of the businesses or activities herein described.

SEC. 11. (a) It shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to enforce the provisions of this Act, and he is hereby authorized to make, prescribe, and publish all necessary rules and regulations for carrying out the provisions hereof, and to confer or impose any of the rights, privileges, powers, and duties conferred or imposed upon him by this Act upon such officers or employees of the Treasury Department as he shall designate or appoint.

(b) It shall be the duty of the other departments, bureaus, and independent establishments, and particularly the Bureau of Plant Industry in the Department of Agriculture, when requested by the Secretary of the Treasury, to furnish such assistance, including technical advice, as will aid in carrying out the purposes of this Act.

SEC. 12. The provisions of this Act shall apply to the several States, the District of Columbia, the Territory of Alaska, the Territory of Hawaii, the Canal Zone, Puerto Rico, and the other insular possessions of the United States.

SEC. 13. (a) Any person who violates any provision of this Act shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than \$2,000, or imprisoned not more than five years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

(b) Any person who willfully makes, aids, or assists in the making of, or procures, counsels, or advises in the preparation or presentation of, a false or fraudulent statement in any application for a license under the provisions of this Act shall (whether or not such false or fraudulent statement is made by or with the knowledge or consent of the person authorized to present the application) be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, be fined not more than \$2,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both.

SEC. 14. It shall not be necessary to negative any exemptions set forth in this Act in any complaint, information, indictment, or other writ or proceeding laid or brought under this Act and the burden of proof of any such exemption shall be upon the defendant. In the absence of the production of an appropriate license by the defendant,

35 Stat. 614.

*Proviso.*  
Importation of  
crude opium.

Provision for medi-  
cal and scientific needs  
of Nation.

Nonapplication of  
prohibitions to certain  
Government person-  
nel.

Enforcement.

Assistance of other  
agencies.

Application of pro-  
visions.

Penalties.

Presumptions and  
burden of proof.

he shall be presumed not to have been duly licensed in accordance with this Act and the burden of proof shall be on the defendant to rebut such presumption.

SEC. 15. If any provision of this Act, or the application of such provision to any circumstance, shall be held invalid, the validity of the remainder of the Act and the applicability of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

SEC. 16. This Act shall take effect on the sixtieth day after its enactment.

SEC. 17. The Act may be cited as the "Opium Poppy Control Act of 1942".

Approved, December 11, 1942.

Separability of provisions.

Effective date.

Short title.

[CHAPTER 728]

AN ACT

To further amend section 126 of the Act of June 3, 1916, as amended, to authorize travel pay for certain military and naval personnel on discharge or release or relief from active duty.

December 14, 1942  
[S. 2268]  
[Public Law 798]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That section 126 of the Act of June 3, 1916 (39 Stat. 217, 10 U. S. C. 752), as amended, is hereby further amended by adding a further proviso at the end of said section to read as follows: "*Provided further,* That from and after August 27, 1940, upon discharge or relief or release from active duty, an enlisted man inducted into the military or naval service under the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended, or Public Resolution Numbered 96, approved August 27, 1940, shall, under such regulations as the Secretary of War or the Secretary of the Navy, respectively, shall prescribe, receive the said 5 cents per mile for the distance from the place of discharge or relief or release from active duty to the location of the local board where he first reported for delivery to an induction station in the case of a selectee, or to the home station of the National Guard unit in the case of a National Guard enlisted man, or to the place where he was selected for enrollment in the Civilian Conservation Corps in the case of a Civilian Conservation Corps enrollee so inducted: *And provided further,* That the enlisted men of the Naval Reserve, the Marine Corps Reserve, the Enlisted Reserve Corps, and the Regular Army Reserve shall receive, upon discharge or relief or release from active duty, the same mileage allowance as herein prescribed, and under the same conditions as herein prescribed for enlisted men inducted into the military or naval service under the Selective Training and Service Act of 1940, as amended, except that the distance for which mileage is computed shall be from the place of discharge or relief or release from active duty to the place from which ordered to active duty.

Travel pay for certain military and naval personnel.  
34 U. S. C. § 895.

Selectees.

54 Stat. 885, 886.  
50 U. S. C., app.  
§§ 301-318, 401-405;  
Supp. I, §§ 302-315,  
401.  
*Ante*, pp. 360, 396,  
724, 1018.

National Guard.  
CCC enrollees.

Enlisted reserve forces.

Approved, December 14, 1942.

[CHAPTER 729]

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of War to designate the titles of certain offices and departments of instruction at the United States Military Academy.

December 14, 1942  
[S. 2422]  
[Public Law 799]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to prescribe from time to time the titles by which each of the several departments of instruction and offices of professor now or hereafter established at the United States Military Academy shall be known.

U. S. Military Academy.  
Titles of departments of instruction, etc.