

Maintenance, upkeep, etc., limitation.

(c) For the maintenance, upkeep, and repair (exclusive of garage rent, pay of operators, tires, fuel, and lubricants) on any one motor-propelled passenger-carrying vehicle, except busses and ambulances, in excess of one-third of the market price of a new vehicle of the same make and class and in no case in excess of \$400.

Appointments after Senate rejection.

SEC. 4. No part of the money appropriated under this Act shall be paid to any person for the filling of any position for which he or she has been nominated after the Senate upon vote has failed to confirm the nomination of such person.

House of Representatives, majority floor leader's office.
Pay for certain positions in.
49 Stat. 1221.

SEC. 5. The unobligated balances on the date of the approval of this Act of appropriations contained in the Legislative Branch Appropriation Act, 1937, for three positions in the office of the majority floor leader, House of Representatives, are hereby made available for four positions in such office at annual rates of compensation, respectively, as follows: Legislative clerk, \$3,110; clerk, \$2,530; and two assistant clerks, at \$1,800 each.

Approved, May 14, 1937.

[CHAPTER 181]

AN ACT

May 14, 1937
[H. R. 26]
[Public, No. 78]

To amend section 23 of the Immigration Act of February 5, 1917 (39 Stat. 874), as amended (U. S. C., title 8, sec. 102).

Immigration Act of 1917, amendment.
39 Stat. 892.
8 U. S. C. § 102.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of section 23 of the Act of February 5, 1917, as reads as follows: "and shall have authority to enter into contract for the support and relief of such aliens as may fall into distress or need public aid, and to remove to their native land, at any time within three years after entry, at the expense of the appropriations for the enforcement of this Act", is amended to read as follows: "and shall have authority to enter into contract for the support and relief of such aliens as may fall into distress or need public aid, and to remove to their native country, or the country from whence they came, or to the country of which they are citizens or subjects, at any time after entry, at the expense of the appropriations for the enforcement of this Act, such as fall into distress or need public aid from causes arising subsequent to their entry and are desirous of being so removed, but any person thus removed shall forever be ineligible for readmission except upon the approval of the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Labor;"

Approved, May 14, 1937.

Removal at Government expense of certain aliens who apply for deportation.

Ineligibility for re-admission.

[CHAPTER 182]

AN ACT

May 14, 1937
[H. R. 28]
[Public, No. 79]

To authorize the deportation of aliens who secured preference-quota or non-quota visas through fraud by contracting marriage solely to fraudulently expedite admission to the United States, and for other purposes.

Immigration Act of 1924, amendments.
43 Stat. 158.
8 U. S. C. § 209 (f).

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subdivision (f) of section 9 of the Immigration Act of 1924, as amended (43 Stat. 158; U. S. C., title 8, sec. 209, subdivision (f)), is amended to read as follows:

Nonquota immigrants, restriction on entry.

"SEC. 9. (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to entitle an immigrant, in respect of whom a petition under this section is granted, either to enter the United States as a nonquota immigrant if, upon arrival in the United States, he is found not to be a nonquota immigrant, or to enter the United States as a preference-quota immigrant if, upon arrival in the United States, he is found not to be a preference-quota immigrant."

Preference-quota immigrants.

SEC. 2. That subdivision (a) of section 13 of the Immigration Act of 1924, as amended (43 Stat. 161; U. S. C., title 8, sec. 213 (a)), is amended to read as follows:

“No immigrant shall be admitted to the United States unless he (1) has an unexpired immigration visa or was born subsequent to the issuance of the immigration visa of the accompanying parent; (2) is of the nationality specified in the visa in the immigration visa; (3) is a nonquota immigrant if specified in the visa in the immigration visa as such; (4) is a preference-quota immigrant if specified in the visa in the immigration visa as such; and (5) is otherwise admissible under the immigration laws.”

SEC. 3. That any alien who at any time after entering the United States is found to have secured either non-quota or preference-quota visa through fraud, by contracting a marriage which, subsequent to entry into the United States, has been judicially annulled retroactively to date of marriage, shall be taken into custody and deported pursuant to the provisions of section 14 of the Immigration Act of 1924 on the ground that at time of entry he was not entitled to admission on the visa presented upon arrival in the United States. This section shall be effective whether entry was made before or after the enactment of this Act.

When it appears that the immigrant fails or refuses to fulfill his promises for a marital agreement made to procure his entry as an immigrant he then becomes immediately subject to deportation.

Approved, May 14, 1937.

Exclusion from the United States.
43 Stat. 161.
8 U. S. C. § 213a.

Immigrants excepted from.

Deportation of aliens for unlawful securing of visas through marriage.

43 Stat. 162.

Retroactive operation of section.

Breach of marital agreement.

[CHAPTER 183]

AN ACT

Declaring Scajaquada Creek, Erie County, New York, to be a non-navigable stream.

May 14, 1937
[H. R. 175]
[Public, No. 80]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Scajaquada Creek, Erie County, New York, is hereby declared to be non-navigable east of a line one hundred and thirty feet west of the west line of Niagara Street, city of Buffalo, county of Erie, New York, within the meaning of the Constitution and laws of the United States.

Scajaquada Creek. Declared non-navigable in Buffalo, N. Y.

SEC. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Amendment.

Approved, May 14, 1937.

[CHAPTER 184]

AN ACT

To extend the time for applying for and receiving benefits under the Act entitled “An Act to provide means by which certain Filipinos can emigrate from the United States”, approved July 10, 1935.

May 14, 1937
[H. R. 2305]
[Public, No. 81]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 6 of the Act entitled “An Act to provide means by which certain Filipinos can emigrate from the United States”, approved July 10, 1935, as heretofore amended by the Act approved June 4, 1936 (Public Law Numbered 645, Seventy-fourth Congress), is further amended to read as follows:

Emigration of Filipinos from the United States.
49 Stat. 479, 1462.
48 U. S. C., Supp. II, § 1256.

“SEC. 6. No application for the benefits of this Act shall be accepted by any officer of the Immigration Service after December 1, 1938; and all benefits under this Act shall finally terminate on December 31, 1938, unless the journey has been started on or before that date, in which case the journey to Manila shall be completed.”

Time extended for filing application for benefits, etc.

Approved, May 14, 1937.