

[CHAPTER 42.]

AN ACT

March 5, 1934.

[H.R. 7705.]

[Public, No. 112.]

To extend the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River between New Orleans and Gretna, Louisiana.

Mississippi River.
Time extended for
bridging, between New
Orleans and Gretna,
La.

Vol. 41, p. 1270; Vol.
45, pp. 193, 1229; Vol.
46, p. 551; Vol. 47, p.
1416, amended.

Amendment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the times for commencing and completing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi River between New Orleans and Gretna, Louisiana, authorized to be built by George A. Hero and Allen S. Hackett, their successors and assigns, by Act of Congress approved March 2, 1927, heretofore extended by Acts of Congress approved March 6, 1928, February 19, 1929, June 10, 1930, and March 1, 1933, are hereby extended one and three years, respectively, from March 2, 1934.

SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, March 5, 1934.

[CHAPTER 43.]

AN ACT

March 5, 1934.

[Public, No. 113.]

To repeal certain specific Acts of Congress and an amendment thereto enacted to regulate the manufacture, sale, or possession of intoxicating liquors in the Indian Territory, now a part of the State of Oklahoma.

Manufacture, etc.,
of intoxicating liquors
in Indian Territory
(Oklahoma).

Certain specific Acts
concerning, repealed.

Vol. 27, p. 260; Vol.
29, p. 506; Vol. 28, p.
697; Vol. 40, p. 563;
Vol. 41, p. 4.
U.S.C., p. 705.

Proviso.
Exception.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Acts of Congress of July 23, 1892 (27 Stat. 260); January 30, 1897 (29 Stat. 506); section 8, chapter 145, of the Act of March 1, 1895 (28 Stat. 697); and that part of the Act of May 25, 1918 (40 Stat. 563), as amended by the Act of June 30, 1919 (41 Stat. 4), which is embraced in section 244, title 25, United States Code, be, and they are hereby, repealed insofar as they apply to and affect that part of the State of Oklahoma formerly known as "Indian Territory": *Provided,* That this Act shall not be construed to repeal the Acts herein referred to insofar as they apply to any tract of land upon which there may be now or hereafter located any Indian school maintained by or under the supervision of the United States Government.

Approved, March 5, 1934.

[CHAPTER 44.]

AN ACT

March 5, 1934.

[H.R. 715.]

[Public, No. 114.]

To award the Distinguished Service Cross to former holders of the certificate of merit, and for other purposes.

Distinguished Serv-
ice Cross.
Award of, to Army
enlisted men holding
certificate of merit.

To holders of Distin-
guished Service Medal.
Vol. 40, p. 870;
U.S.C., p. 222.

Surrender of medal
required.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Distinguished Service Cross shall be issued to all enlisted men of the Army to whom the certificate of merit was issued under the provisions of previously existing law in lieu of such certificate of merit.

SEC. 2. Those persons who have heretofore received the Distinguished Service Medal in lieu of the certificate of merit under the provisions of the Act of July 9, 1918 (40 Stat. 870-872), shall be issued the Distinguished Service Cross provided the Distinguished Service Medal is first surrendered to the War Department.

Approved, March 5, 1934.