

[CHAPTER 320.]

AN ACT

Granting a leave of absence to settlers of homestead lands during the years 1932, 1933, and 1934.

May 21, 1934.
[S. 2568.]
[Public, No. 241.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any homestead settler or entryman who, during the calendar years 1932 or 1933, found it necessary, or during 1934 should find it necessary, because of economic conditions, to leave his homestead to seek employment in order to obtain the necessaries of life for himself and/or family or to provide for the education of his children, may, upon filing with the register of the district his affidavit, supported by corroborating affidavits of two disinterested persons, showing the necessity of such absence, be excused from compliance with the requirements of the homestead laws as to residence, cultivation, improvements, expenditures, or payment of purchase money as the case may be, during all or any part of the calendar years 1932, 1933, and 1934, and said entries shall not be open to contest or protest because of failure to comply with such requirements during such absence; except that the time of such absence shall not be deducted from the actual residence required by law, but a period equal to such absence shall be added to the statutory life of the entry: *Provided,* That any entryman holding an unperfected entry on ceded Indian lands may be excused from the requirements of residence upon the conditions provided herein, but shall not be entitled to extension of time for the payment of any installment of the purchase price of the land except upon payment of interest, in advance, at the rate of 4 per centum per annum on the principal of any unpaid purchase price from the date when such payment or payments became due to and inclusive of the date of the expiration of the period of relief granted hereunder.

Public lands. Homestead settlers, etc., may be excused from residence on, in certain cases. Vol. 47, p. 59.

Absence added to statutory life of entry.

Proviso. Installment payment extension.

Approved, May 21, 1934.

[CHAPTER 321.]

AN ACT

Repealing certain sections of the Revised Code of Laws of the United States relating to the Indians.

May 21, 1934.
[S. 2671.]
[Public, No. 242.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That sections 2111, 2112, 2113, 2120, 2134, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, and 2153 of the Revised Statutes (U.S.C., title 25, secs. 171, 172, 173, 186, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, and 226) are hereby repealed.

Revised Statutes. Certain sections of relating to Indians, repealed. U.S.C., p. 700.

Approved, May 21, 1934.

[CHAPTER 322.]

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of War to convey by appropriate deed of conveyance certain lands in the District of Ewa, island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii.

May 21, 1934.
[H.R. 8235.]
[Public, No. 243.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to convey to the Territory of Hawaii lands in the District of Ewa, island of Oahu, Territory of Hawaii, described as follows, to wit:

Hawaii. Conveyance of certain lands in the District of Ewa, island of Oahu, authorized.

Beginning at a point designated as "C" on map dated November 15, 1920, United States Engineer Department, file numbered 300.8, between the boundary of Honouliuli and Pouhala Mauka, the coordinate of said point referred to United States concrete monument

Description.