

Lake County, Indiana, described as follows, to wit: Beginning at the point of intersection of a line parallel to and one hundred feet west of the east line with a line parallel to and one hundred feet south of the north line of said southeast quarter section 20; thence west on last-described line four hundred and fifty feet; thence southeasterly on a straight line six hundred and forty-four feet to a point in a line parallel to and one hundred feet west of the east line of the southeast quarter section 20 aforesaid; and thence north on last-described line four hundred and fifty feet to the point of beginning, containing two and three thousand two hundred and thirty-seven ten thousandths acres.

Approved, March 2, 1929.

March 2, 1929.

[H. R. 7024.]

[Public, No. 946.]

CHAP. 520.—An Act Granting the consent of Congress to compacts or agreements between the States of Colorado and New Mexico with respect to the division and apportionment of the waters of the Rio Grande, San Juan, and Las Animas Rivers and all other streams in which such States are jointly interested.

Colorado and New Mexico.

Consent given for compacts between, for equitable division of water supply of Rio Grande, etc., rivers.

Federal representative to take part in negotiations, and report to Congress.

Expenses limited.

Reclamation fund to be used.

Compact subject to approval of each Legislature and Congress.

Amendment.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby given to the States of Colorado and New Mexico to negotiate and enter into compacts or agreements providing for an equitable division and apportionment between such States of the water supply of the Rio Grande, San Juan, and Las Animas Rivers and of the streams tributary thereto and of all other streams in which such States are jointly interested.

SEC. 2. Such consent is given upon condition that a representative of the United States from any department of the United States Government, to be appointed by the President, shall participate in the negotiations and shall make report to Congress of the proceedings and of any compact or agreement entered into. Other than the compensation and expenses of such representative the United States shall not be liable for any expenses in connection with such negotiations, compact or agreement. The payment of such expenses of such representative are authorized to be paid from the appropriations for cooperative and general investigations for the Bureau of Reclamation.

SEC. 3. No such compact or agreement shall be binding or obligatory upon either of such States unless and until it has been approved by the legislature of each of such States and by the Congress of the United States.

SEC. 4. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is herewith expressly reserved.

Approved, March 2, 1929.

March 2, 1929.

[H. R. 6497.]

[Public, No. 947.]

CHAP. 521.—An Act Granting the consent of Congress to compacts or agreements between the States of New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas with respect to the division and apportionment of the waters of the Rio Grande, Pecos, and Canadian or Red Rivers, and all other streams in which such States are jointly interested.

New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas.

Consent given for compacts between, for equitable division of water supply of Rio Grande, etc., rivers.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby given to the States of New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas to negotiate and enter into compacts or agreements providing for an equitable division and apportionment between such States of the water supply of the Rio Grande, Pecos, and Canadian or Red Rivers, and of the streams tributary thereto, and of all other streams in which such States are jointly interested.

SEC. 2. Such consent is given upon condition that a representative of the United States from the Department of the Interior, to be appointed by the President, shall participate in the negotiations and shall make report to Congress of the proceedings and of any compact or agreement entered into. Other than the compensation and expenses of such representative the United States shall not be liable for any expenses in connection with such negotiations, compact or agreement. The payment of such expenses of such representative are authorized to be paid from the appropriations for cooperative and general investigations for the Bureau of Reclamation.

SEC. 3. No such compact or agreement shall be binding or obligatory upon either of such States unless and until it has been approved by the legislature of each of such States and by the Congress of the United States.

SEC. 4. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is herewith expressly reserved.

Approved, March 2, 1929.

Federal representative to take part in negotiations, and report to Congress.

Expenses limited.

Reclamation fund to be used.

Compact subject to approval of each Legislature and Congress.

Amendment.

CHAP. 522.—An Act Granting the consent of Congress to compacts or agreements between the States of New Mexico and Oklahoma with respect to the division and apportionment of the waters of the Cimarron River and all other streams in which such States are jointly interested.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby given to the States of New Mexico and Oklahoma to negotiate and enter into compacts or agreements providing for an equitable division and apportionment between such States of the water supply of the Cimarron River and of the streams tributary thereto and of all other streams in which such States are jointly interested.

SEC. 2. Such consent is given upon condition that a representative of the United States from the Department of the Interior, to be appointed by the President, shall participate in the negotiations and shall make report to Congress of the proceedings and of any compact or agreement entered into. Other than the compensation and expenses of such representative the United States shall not be liable for any expenses in connection with such negotiations, compact, or agreement. The payment of such expenses of such representative are authorized to be paid from the appropriations for cooperative and general investigations for the Bureau of Reclamation.

SEC. 3. No such compact or agreement shall be binding or obligatory upon either of such States unless and until it has been approved by the legislature of each of such States and by the Congress of the United States.

SEC. 4. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, March 2, 1929.

March 2, 1929.
[H. R. 6496.]
[Public, No. 948.]

New Mexico and Oklahoma.
Consent given for compacts between, for equitable division of water supply of Cimarron, etc., rivers.

Federal representative to take part in negotiations, and report to Congress.

Expenses limited.

Reclamation funds to be used.

Compact subject to approval of each Legislature and Congress.

Amendment.

CHAP. 523.—An Act To amend subchapter 1 of chapter 18 of the Code of Laws for the District of Columbia relating to degree-conferring institutions.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subchapter 1 of chapter 18 of the Code of Laws for the District of Columbia be amended by adding the following new sections:

“SEC. 586a. The fee payable to the recorder of deeds for filing the certificate of incorporation under this subchapter shall be \$25.

March 2, 1929.
[S. 2366.]
[Public, No. 949.]

District of Columbia Code Amendments.
Vol. 31, p. 1282, amended.
Degree-conferring institutions.
Fee for filing incorporation certificate.