

Post, p. 1216.

construction of a suitable fireproof power-plant building to be erected upon the present site of the Bureau of Standards in the District of Columbia at a cost not to exceed \$200,000.

Approved, June 26, 1926.

June 26, 1926.
[H. R. 11802.]
[Public, No. 435.]

CHAP. 698.—An Act To authorize the transfer to the jurisdiction of the United States Botanic Garden of a certain portion of the Anacostia Park for use as a tree nursery.

District of Columbia.
Part of Anacostia
Park transferred to Botanic
Garden for a tree
nursery.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Director of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National Capital is hereby authorized and directed to transfer to the jurisdiction of the United States Botanic Garden the following-described land, being a part of the Anacostia Park, for use as a tree nursery, viz:

Description.

Beginning for the same at the intersection of the west line of the Stickfoot Branch sewer with the bulkhead line of the Anacostia River, and running thence with the west line of the Stickfoot Branch sewer south one thousand five hundred and sixty feet, more or less, to the original high-water line of the Anacostia River as shown on map numbered 303 in the office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia; thence with said high-water line the following courses and distances: South eighty-five degrees thirty-two minutes west sixty-two feet, more or less to an angle; north seventy-six degrees thirty-five minutes west two hundred and ninety-two and fifty-one one-hundredths feet; north sixty-three degrees eleven minutes west eighty-two and eighty-three one-hundredths feet to the east line of the District of Columbia Nursery; thence north with said east line, and parallel to the Stickfoot Branch trunk sewer, one thousand five hundred and ninety-eight feet, more or less, to the bulkhead line of the Anacostia River; thence with said bulkhead line south seventy-one degrees fifty minutes fifty-four seconds east four hundred and thirty-five feet, more or less, to the point of beginning, containing approximately fourteen and seventy-five one-hundredths acres, all as shown on map numbered 1212 in the office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia: *Provided,* That a right of way along the river wall extending inland for a width of two hundred feet from the outer edge of the river wall shall be retained under the jurisdiction of the Director of Public Buildings and Public Parks of the National Capital for development as a park roadway.

Approved, June 26, 1926.

Proviso.
Right of way for road-
way retained.

June 28, 1926.
[H. R. 9833.]
[Public, No. 436.]

CHAP. 700.—An Act To amend section 6 of the Act of May 29, 1884, creating the Bureau of Animal Industry, by striking out the proviso in section 6 of said Act.

Animal Industry Bu-
reau.
Vol. 23, p. 32, amend-
ed.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the proviso in section 6 of the Act of May 29, 1884, entitled "An Act for the establishment of a Bureau of Animal Industry, and so forth," be, and the same is hereby, repealed so that section 6, as amended, will read as follows:

Transporting, etc.,
livestock with conta-
gious, etc., disease, pro-
hibited.

"That no railroad company within the United States, or the owners or masters of any steam or sailing or other vessel or boat, shall receive for transportation or transport from one State or Territory to another, or from any State into the District of Columbia, or from the District into any State, any livestock affected with any contagious, infectious, or communicable disease, and especially the

disease known as pleuropneumonia; nor shall any person, company, or corporation deliver for such transportation to any railroad company, or master or owner of any boat or vessel, any livestock, knowing them to be affected with any contagious, infectious, or communicable disease; nor shall any person, company, or corporation drive on foot, or transport in private conveyance from one State or Territory to another, or from any State into the District of Columbia, or from the District into any State, any livestock, knowing them to be affected with any contagious, infectious, or communicable disease, and especially the disease known as pleuropneumonia": *Provided*, That until May 1, 1928, cattle infested with or exposed to cattle fever ticks may be shipped in interstate commerce for immediate slaughter after one dipping in accordance with such regulations as the Secretary of Agriculture may prescribe.

Driving on foot, etc.

Proviso.
Permission until May 1, 1921, of tick-infested cattle for immediate slaughter.

SEC. 2. That section 6, chapter 839, "An Act providing for the inspection of meats for exportation, prohibiting the importation of adulterated articles of food and drink, and authorizing the President to make proclamation in certain cases, and for other purposes," approved August 30, 1890, be amended to hereafter read as follows:

Pure food Act.
Vol. 26, p. 416, amended.

"That the importation of meat, cattle, sheep, and other ruminants, and swine, which are diseased or infected with any disease, or which shall have been exposed to such infection within sixty days next before their importation, is hereby prohibited: *Provided*, That the Secretary of Agriculture within his discretion and under such regulations as he may prescribe, is authorized to permit the admission from Mexico into the State of Texas of cattle which have been infested with or exposed to ticks upon being freed therefrom. Any person who shall knowingly violate the foregoing provision shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall, on conviction, be punished by a fine not exceeding \$5,000, or by imprisonment not exceeding three years, and any vessel or vehicle used in such unlawful importation within the knowledge of the master or owner of such vessel or vehicle that such importation is diseased or has been exposed to infection as herein described, shall be forfeited to the United States."

Importing diseased meat, cattle, etc., prohibited.

Proviso.
Admission from Mexico into Texas, of tick-infested cattle, freed therefrom.

Punishment for violation.

Forfeiture of vessel, etc.

SEC. 3. That all laws or parts of laws in conflict with this Act be and they are hereby expressly repealed.

Conflicting laws repealed.

Approved, June 28, 1926.

CHAP. 701.—An Act To purchase lands for addition to the Papago Indian Reservation, Arizona.

June 28, 1926.
[S. 3361.]
[Public, No. 437.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of \$9,500 is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any moneys in the United States Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to enable the Secretary of the Interior to purchase, as an addition to the agency reserve of the Papago Indian Reservation, Arizona, the south half of the southwest quarter of section 25, the north half of the northwest quarter of section 36, township 17 south, range 4 east, known as the Steinfeld tract; and the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter, the northeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 35, the north half of the southwest quarter, the south half of the northwest quarter, and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section 36, township 17 south, range 4 east of the Gila and Salt River meridian, known as the Tierney tract; in all, 440 acres,

Papago Indian Reservation.
Purchase of lands for agency reserve.

Description.

Approved, June 28, 1926.