

year, or both. Any such illegal use of such word or words, or any combination of such words, or any other violation of any of the provisions of this Act, may be enjoined by the United States district court having jurisdiction, at the instance of any United States district attorney, any Federal land bank, joint-stock land bank, Federal reserve bank, or the Federal Farm Loan Board or the Federal Reserve Board.

Injunction authorized for illegal use of forbidden words, etc.

SEC. 5. That if any clause, sentence, paragraph, or part of this Act shall for any reason be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder of this Act, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered.

Invalidity of any clause, etc., not to affect remainder of Act.

Approved, May 24, 1926.

CHAP. 378.—Joint Resolution Extending the time during which cattle which have crossed the boundary line into foreign countries may be returned duty free.

May 24, 1926.
[H. J. Res. 148.]
[Pub. Res., No. 29.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 1506 of Title II of the Tariff Act of 1922 cattle which heretofore have strayed across the boundary line into any foreign country, or which have been driven across such boundary line by the owner for temporary pasturage purposes only, or which may so stray or be driven before May 1, 1926, and the offspring and increase of any such cattle, shall be admitted free of duty under regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury if brought into the United States at any time before December 31, 1926.

Domestic animals. Free admission of, crossing frontier before May 1, 1926, if brought back before Dec. 31, 1926.
Vol. 42, p. 923.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Treasury shall, under regulations prescribed by him, remit and refund any duties on any such cattle and their offspring and increase brought into the United States after December 30, 1925, and before the enactment of this resolution. Such refunds shall be made upon application therefor made within one year after the enactment of this resolution. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated an amount necessary to make such refunds.

Refund of duties collected after December 30, 1925.

Approved, May 24, 1926.

CHAP. 379.—An Act To authorize the issuance of deeds to certain Indians or Eskimos for tracts set apart to them in surveys of town sites in Alaska, and to provide for the survey and subdivision of such tracts and of Indian or Eskimo towns or villages.

May 25, 1926.
[H. R. 9508.]
[Public, No. 280.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That where, upon the survey of a town site pursuant to section 11 of the Act of March 3, 1891 (Twenty-sixth Statutes, page 1095), and the regulations of the Department of the Interior under said Act, a tract claimed and occupied by an Indian or Eskimo of full or mixed blood, native of Alaska, has been or may be set apart to such Indian or Eskimo, the town site trustee is authorized to issue to him a deed therefor which shall provide that the title conveyed is inalienable except upon approval of the Secretary of the Interior: *Provided*, That nothing herein contained shall subject such tract to taxation, to levy and sale in satisfaction of the debts, contracts, or liabilities of the patentee, or to any claims of adverse occupancy or law of prescription: *Provided further*, That the approval by the Secretary of the

Alaska. Issue of deed to Indian or Eskimo native for tract in town site occupied by him.

Vol. 26, p. 1099.

Provisions. Free from taxation, etc.