

viding additional time for the payment of purchase money under homestead entries within the former Fort Assiniboine Military Reservation, in Montana, be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to authorize extensions of time from year to year for the payment of all unpaid principal upon the payment of interest thereon in advance at the rate specified in the said Act, for not to exceed ten years from date of entry.

Approved, June 7, 1924.

Time further extended for payments for lands on abandoned. Vol. 41, p. 1086, amended.

CHAP. 372.—Joint Resolution Authorizing expenditure of the Fort Peck 4 per centum fund now standing to the credit of the Fort Peck Indians of Montana in the Treasury of the United States.

June 7, 1924.
[S. J. Res. 103.]
[Pub. Res., No. 30.]

Whereas a delegation of Indians of the Fort Peck Indian Reservation, Montana, was duly authorized and elected to visit the city of Washington, District of Columbia, and

Fort Peck Indian Reservation, Mont. Preamble.

Whereas there is no authority of law to use tribal funds to defray the expenses of said delegation: Therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of \$3,000 is hereby authorized to be appropriated out of the Fort Peck 4 per centum fund, created under the Act of May 30, 1918 (Thirty-fifth Statutes at Large, page 558), and held in trust by the United States, to enable the Secretary of the Interior to pay the necessary expenses incurred in connection with the visit to Washington, District of Columbia, and return, by a delegation of representatives of the Fort Peck Indians for the purpose of conferring with the Sioux Tribal attorneys, presenting claims, and other tribal matters of said Indians.

Amount authorized for expenses of visit of delegation from, to Washington. Vol. 35, p. 558.

Approved, June 7, 1924.

CHAP. 373.—Joint Resolution Authorizing the erection on public grounds in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, of an equestrian statue of General San Martin which the people of Argentina have presented to the United States.

June 7, 1924.
[S. J. Res. 106.]
[Pub. Res., No. 31.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Chief of Engineers, United States Army, be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to grant permission for the erection on public grounds of the United States in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, other than those of the Capitol, the Library of Congress, and the White House, or the grounds south of the White House, a copy of the statue of General San Martin, by Dumont: *Provided,* That the site chosen and the design of the pedestal shall be approved by the Joint Committee on the Library and that the United States shall be put to no expense in or by the erection of the said memorial, and the said Chief of Engineers, United States Army, shall supervise the work of erection of the said memorial.

District of Columbia. Statue of General San Martin may be erected on public grounds in.

Locations excepted.

Proviso.
Approval of Library Committee and Commission of Fine Arts.

No Government expense.

Approved, June 7, 1924.