

involved the purchase in the Argentine Republic, between the 13th day of May, 1920, and the 22d day of May, 1920, of thirteen thousand nine hundred and two tons of sugar, the importation thereof into the United States and the distribution of a portion of the same within the United States, and to require the said United States Sugar Equalization Board (Incorporated) to dispose of any of said sugar so imported remaining undisposed of, and to liquidate and adjust the entire transaction in such manner as may be deemed by said board to be equitable and proper in the premises, paying to the corporation and copartnership aforesaid such sums as may be found by said board to represent the actual loss sustained by them, or either of them, in said transaction, and for this purpose the President is authorized to vote or use the stock of the corporation held by him, or otherwise exercise or use his control over the said United States Sugar Equalization Board and its directors, and to continue the said corporation for such time as may be necessary to carry out the intention of this joint resolution.

Payment to American Trading Company and B. H. Howell, Son and Company of their actual loss.

Approved, February 9, 1923.

CHAP. 68.—Joint Resolution To provide for the payment of salaries of Senators appointed to fill vacancies, and for other purposes.

February 10, 1923.
[S. J. Res. 248.]
[Pub. Res., No. 87.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That salaries of Senators appointed to fill vacancies in the Senate shall commence on the day of their appointment and continue until their successors are elected and qualified; and salaries of Senators elected to fill vacancies in the Senate shall commence on the day they qualify: Provided, That where no appointments have been made to fill such vacancies, the salaries of Senators elected to fill such vacancies shall commence on the day following their election.

Senators.
Payment of salaries to, appointed or elected to fill vacancies

Proviso.
Senators elected where no appointments made.

Approved, February 10, 1923.

CHAP. 69.—Joint Resolution Authorizing the President to abrogate the international agreement embodied in certain Executive orders relating to the Panama Canal.

February 12, 1923.
[S. J. Res. 259.]
[Pub. Res., No. 88.]

Whereas it is provided in the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the opening, maintenance, protection, and operation of the Panama Canal, and the sanitation and government of the Canal Zone," approved August 24, 1912, "that all laws, orders, regulations, and ordinances adopted and promulgated in the Canal Zone by order of the President for the government and sanitation of the Canal Zone and the construction of the Panama Canal are hereby ratified and confirmed as valid and binding until Congress shall otherwise provide"; and

Panama Canal.
Preamble.
Vol. 37, p. 561.

Whereas among the orders so ratified and confirmed as valid and binding are Executive orders, issued by the Secretary of War, by direction of the President, on December 3, December 6, and December 28, 1904, January 7, 1905, and January 5, 1911, in which were embodied the terms of an agreement reached between the Secretary of War and officials of the Panama Government to serve as a modus operandi during the construction of the canal; and

Whereas the purpose of the agreement in question has passed with the formal opening of the canal, and the agreement no longer provides an adequate basis for the adjustment of questions arising

out of the relations between the Canal Zone authorities and the Government of Panama, and should be replaced by a more permanent agreement:

Canal Zone.
Agreement with Pan-
ama as to, may be
abrogated.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President be authorized to abrogate the international agreement embodied in the Executive orders issued as aforesaid, on December 3, December 6, and December 28, 1904, January 7, 1905, and January 5, 1911.

Effect of prior orders
terminated.

Vol. 37, p. 561.

SEC. 2. That when the President shall exercise the authority hereby granted, such orders shall no longer be valid and binding, and the legal effect of these orders given to them by the said Act of Congress approved August 24, 1912, shall be repealed.

Approved, February 12, 1923.

February 12, 1923.

[S. J. Res. 79.]

[Pub. Res., No. 89.]

CHAP. 70.—Joint Resolution Authorizing the President to require the United States Sugar Equalization Board (Incorporated) to take over and dispose of five thousand tons of sugar imported from the Argentine Republic.

Sugar Equalization
Board.

To take over and
dispose of sugar im-
ported from Argentina
by Government direc-
tion.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is authorized to require the United States Sugar Equalization Board (Incorporated) to take over from the corporation P. DeRonde and Company (Incorporated) a certain transaction entered into and carried on by said corporation at the request and under the direction of the Department of Justice, which transaction involved the purchase in the Argentine Republic, between the 15th day of June, 1920, and the 22d day of June, 1920, of five thousand tons of sugar, the importation thereof into the United States and the distribution of a portion of the same within the United States, and to require the said United States Sugar Equalization Board (Incorporated) to dispense of any of said sugar so imported remaining undisposed of and to liquidate and adjust the entire transaction, paying to the corporation aforesaid such sum as may be found by said board to represent the actual loss sustained by them in said transaction, and for this purpose the President is authorized to vote or use the stock of the corporation held by him, or otherwise exercise or use his control over the said United States Sugar Equalization Board and its directors, and to continue the said corporation for such time as may be necessary to carry out the intention of this joint resolution.

Payment to P. De
Ronde and Company
of its actual loss.

Received by the President, January 31, 1923.

[NOTE BY THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—The foregoing joint resolution having been presented to the President of the United States for his approval, and not having been returned by him to the house of Congress in which it originated within the time prescribed by the Constitution of the United States, has become a law without his approval.]

February 13, 1923.

[S. 1016.]

[Public, No. 408.]

CHAP. 71.—An Act To amend an Act entitled "An Act to repeal section 3480 of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

Loyalty.
Restriction repealed
as to claims for Navy
and Marine Corps ser-
vice prior to April 13,
1861.

R. S., sec. 3480, p. 689.
Vol. 38, p. 454,
amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act to repeal section 3480 of the Revised Statutes of the United States," approved July 6, 1914, be amended by adding after the word "Army" the words "Navy, and Marine Corps."

Approved, February 13, 1923.