

of March 1, 1917, and said \$1,000,000 be carried to the surplus fund and covered into the Treasury: *Provided further*, That any unexpended balance of the sum hereby appropriated remaining after the present flood emergency has passed may be expended by the Mississippi River Commission under the authority and subject to the provisions of the said Flood Control Act.

Approved, April 21, 1922.

Post, p. 760.
Use of unexpended
balances.

CHAP. 140.—An Act Authorizing extensions of time for the payment of purchase money due under certain homestead entries and Government-land purchases within the former Cheyenne River and Standing Rock Indian Reservations, North Dakota and South Dakota.

April 25, 1922.
[H. R. 9710.]
[Public, No. 198.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any homestead entryman or purchaser of Government lands within the former Cheyenne River and Standing Rock Indian Reservations in North Dakota and South Dakota who is unable to make payment of purchase money due under his entry or contract of purchase as required by existing law or regulations, on application duly verified showing that he is unable to make payment as required, shall be granted an extension to the 1923 anniversary of the date of his entry or contract of purchase upon payment of interest in advance at the rate of 5 per centum per annum on the amounts due from the maturity thereof to the said anniversary; and if at the expiration of the extended period the entryman or purchaser is still unable to make the payment he may, upon the same terms and conditions, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior, be granted such further extensions of time, not exceeding a period of three years, as the facts warrant.

Cheyenne River and
Standing Rock Indian
Reservations, N. Dak.
and S. Dak.
Extension of time
allowed for payment:
on lands in former.
Vol. 41, p. 1446.

Further extensions if
unable to make pay-
ments.

Approved, April 25, 1922.

CHAP. 141.—Joint Resolution Authorizing the commissioning in the Marine Corps of midshipmen under certain conditions.

April 25, 1922.
[H. J. Res. 274.]
[Pub. Res., No. 51.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any midshipman of the United States Naval Academy who has heretofore failed to graduate therefrom and who shall have served honorably in the Marine Corps for a period of one year, and who has passed satisfactorily the examination for appointment as a commissioned officer of the Marine Corps, may be commissioned prior to the graduation of the class at the Naval Academy of which he was a member.

Midshipmen.
Who failed to gradu-
ate at Naval Academy
but served in Marine
Corps may be commis-
sioned therein prior to
graduation of their
class.

Approved, April 25, 1922.

CHAP. 142.—Joint Resolution Authorizing the erection on public grounds in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, of a statue of Edmund Burke.

April 25, 1922.
[S. J. Res. 165.]
[Pub. Res., No. 52.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Chief of Engineers, United States Army, be, and is hereby, authorized and directed to select a suitable site and to grant permission to the Sulgrave Institution for the erection, as a gift to the people of the United States, on public grounds of the United States in the city of Washington, District of Columbia, other than those of the Capitol, the Library of Congress, Potomac Park, and the White House, of a monument

District of Columbia.
Statue of Edmund
Burke may be erected
on public grounds in.
Locations excepted.

Proviso.
Approval of Joint Library Committee and Fine Arts Commission.
No expense.

to the memory of Edmund Burke, champion of American liberty: *Provided*, That the site chosen and the design of the memorial shall be approved by the Joint Library Committee of Congress, with the advice of the Commission of Fine Arts, and it shall be erected under the supervision of the Chief of Engineers, and that the United States shall be put to no expense in or by the erection of said monument.

Approved, April 25, 1922.

April 26, 1922.
[H. R. 8342.]
[Public, No. 199.]

CHAP. 146.—An Act To empower the Attorney General of the United States to fix the compensation of clerks of the United States district courts.

United States courts.
Clerks of district courts.
Change of compensation based on business transacted, authorized.
Vol. 40, p. 1182.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Attorney General is hereby authorized and empowered to increase or decrease the salary of any clerk of a United States district court within the limits prescribed by the Act approved February 26, 1919, where upon investigation the Attorney General finds that there has been such material increase or decrease in the volume of business transacted in any such district when contrasted with the volume of business upon which the said salaries have been heretofore fixed, as to justify such increase or decrease, but in all cases the said increase or decrease shall be based upon the amount of business transacted by the court and the fees and emoluments collected by the clerks and by them paid into the Treasury of the United States during the four years last preceding the time of such increase or decrease of salary to be made by the Attorney General under the power hereby conferred: *Provided*, That no change in the salary of any clerk having been hereafter fixed under power hereby conferred shall be made until after the lapse of four years from the date of such change.

Approved, April 26, 1922.

Proviso.
Future changes restricted.

April 26, 1922.
[S. 3170.]
[Public, No. 200.]

CHAP. 147.—An Act Regulating corporations doing a banking business in the District of Columbia.

District of Columbia.
Banking corporations not permitted to do business, etc., in, without consent of Comptroller of the Currency.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That no corporation that is not now engaged in the business of banking in the District of Columbia shall, after the passage of this Act, be permitted to enter upon said business in the said District, nor shall any corporation now or hereafter engaged in the business of banking be permitted to establish branch banks in said District, until after it shall have secured the approval and consent of the Comptroller of the Currency; and each one of the officers of such corporation so offending shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$1,000 or imprisonment not exceeding one year, or by both fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

Approved, April 26, 1922.

Punishment for violations.

April 26, 1922.
[S. 1077.]
[Public, No. 201.]

CHAP. 148.—An Act To authorize the payment of \$5,000 to the Government of Japan for the benefit of the family of Torahachi Uratake, a Japanese subject, killed at Schofield Barracks, Hawaii, on November 25, 1915.

Japan.
Appropriation for payment to, on account of Torahachi Uratake, killed in Hawaii.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is authorized to be paid, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, as a matter of grace and without reference to the question of liability therefor to the Government of Japan, \$5,000 for the benefit and consolation of the family of Torahachi Uratake, a Japanese subject, killed on November 25, 1915, at Schofield Barracks,