

"SEC. 2. That the said corporation is authorized to acquire, by devise, bequest, or otherwise, hold, purchase, and convey such real and personal estate as shall or may be required for the purposes of its incorporation not exceeding \$500,000, with authority in said corporation, should it be by it deemed necessary so to do, to mortgage or otherwise encumber the real estate which it may hereafter own or acquire and may give therefor such evidences of indebtedness as such corporation may decide upon."

Approved, April 6, 1922.

CHAP. 122.—An Act To extend the provisions of section 2305, Revised Statutes, and of the Act of September 29, 1919, to those discharged from the military or naval service of the United States and subsequently awarded compensation or treated for wounds received or disability incurred in line of duty.

April 6, 1922.
[H. R. 9633.]
[Public, No. 187.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of section 2305, Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended by the Act of February 25, 1919 (Fortieth Statutes, page 1161), so far as applicable to those discharged from the military or naval service because of wounds received or disability incurred therein, be, and the same are hereby, extended to those regularly discharged from such service and subsequently awarded compensation by the Government for wounds received or disability incurred in the line of duty.

Homestead entries. Soldiers' privileges extended to those receiving World War disability compensation. Vol. 40, p. 1161.

SEC. 2. That the provisions of the Act of September 29, 1919 (Forty-first Statutes, page 288), entitled "An Act to authorize absence by homestead settlers and entrymen, and for other purposes," be, and they are hereby, extended to those who, after discharge from the military or naval service of the United States, are furnished treatment by the Government for wounds received or disability incurred in line of duty.

Absence allowed those furnished disability treatment after discharge. Vol. 41, p. 288.

Approved, April 6, 1922.

CHAP. 123.—Joint Resolution To authorize the Secretary of War to incur obligations for construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and trails in Alaska, said obligations to be paid from the appropriation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1923.

April 6, 1922.
[H. J. Res. 232.]
[Pub. Res., No. 45.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is authorized to direct the Board of Road Commissioners for Alaska to incur obligations prior to July 1, 1922, for the construction and maintenance of roads, bridges, and trails in Alaska of not to exceed 50 per centum of the appropriation for this purpose for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1922, payment of these obligations to be made from the appropriation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1923.

Alaska. Obligations for road construction, etc., fiscal year 1923, allowed prior to July 1, 1922. Post, p. 759.

Approved, April 6, 1922.

CHAP. 124.—Joint Resolution Authorizing the extension, for a period of not to exceed twenty-five years, of the time for the payment of the principal and interest of the debt incurred by Austria for the purchase of flour from the United States Grain Corporation, and for other purposes.

April 6, 1922.
[S. J. Res. 160.]
[Pub. Res., No. 46.]

Whereas the economic structure of Austria is approaching collapse and great numbers of the people of Austria are, in consequence, in imminent danger of starvation and threatened by diseases growing out of extreme privation and starvation; and

Preamble.

Whereas this Government wishes to cooperate in relieving Austria from the immediate burden created by her outstanding debts: Therefore be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the

Austria.

Time extended to pay for flour purchased by, from Grain Corporation.
Vol. 41, p. 548.

Proviso.
Subject to similar action by other creditor nations.

Treasury is hereby authorized to extend, for a period not to exceed twenty-five years, the time of payment of the principal and interest of the debt incurred by Austria for the purchase of flour from the United States Grain Corporation, and to release Austrian assets pledged for the payment of such loan, in whole or in part, as may in the judgment of the Secretary of the Treasury be necessary for the accomplishment of the purposes of this resolution: *Provided, however,* That substantially all the other creditor nations, to wit: Czechoslovakia, Denmark, France, Great Britain, Greece, Holland, Italy, Norway, Rumania, Sweden, Switzerland, and Yugoslavia shall take action with regard to their respective claims against Austria similar to that herein set forth. The Secretary of the Treasury shall be authorized to decide when this proviso has been substantially complied with.

Approved, April 6, 1922.

April 7, 1922.

[H. R. 8815.]

[Public, No. 188.]

CHAP. 125.—An Act To amend the Act of March 1, 1921 (Forty-first Statutes, page 1202), entitled "An Act to authorize certain homestead settlers or entrymen who entered the military or naval service of the United States during the war with Germany to make final proof of their entries."

Public lands.
Homestead and desert land entrymen, etc., serving in World War, physically unable to complete entry may receive patent, etc.

Vol. 41, p. 1202, amended.

Vol. 32, p. 388.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act approved March 1, 1921 (Forty-first Statutes, page 1202), be amended to read as follows: "That any bona fide settler, applicant, or entryman under the homestead laws of the United States, or any desert land entryman whose entry is subject to the provisions of the Act of June 17, 1902 (Thirty-second Statutes, page 388), who, after settlement, application, or entry, and prior to November 11, 1918, enlisted or was actually engaged in the United States Army, Navy, or Marine Corps during the war with Germany, who has been honorably discharged and because of physical incapacities due to the service is unable to return to the land, may make final proof, without further residence, improvement, cultivation, or reclamation, at such time and place as may be authorized by the Secretary of the Interior, and receive patent to the land by him so entered or settled upon, subject to the provisions of the Act or Acts under which such settlement or entry was made: *Provided,* That no such patent shall issue prior to the conformation of the entry to a single farm unit, as required by the Act of August 13, 1914 (Thirty-eighth Statutes, page 686): *And provided further,* That this Act shall not be construed to exempt or relieve such applicant or entryman from payment of any lawful fees, commissions, purchase moneys, water charges, or other sums due to the United States, or its successors in control of the reclamation project, in connection with such lands."

Approved, April 7, 1922.

Provisos.
Entries under reclamation Act.

Vol. 38, p. 686.

Charges, etc., to be paid.

April 7, 1922.

[H. R. 9604.]

[Public, No. 189.]

CHAP. 126.—An Act For the acquisition of a post-office site at Madison, Wisconsin.

Madison, Wis.
Acquiring of site for public building at, authorized.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provision of the Act of Congress approved September 7, 1916 (Thirty-ninth Statutes, page 742), which authorizes the acquisition of a site and the erection and completion thereon of a suitable building for the use and accommodation of the post office, United States courts, and other governmental offices in the city of Madison, Wisconsin, at a limit of cost of \$550,000, be, and the same is hereby, amended so as to authorize and direct the Secretary of the Treasury to acquire, by purchase, condemnation, or otherwise, a suitable site in said city at a cost of not exceeding \$350,000.

Approved, April 7, 1922.

Limit of cost.

Vol. 30, p. 742, amended.