

August 9, 1921.  
[S. J. Res. 72.]  
[Pub. Res., No. 12.]

**CHAP. 58.**—Joint Resolution For the relief of States in the cotton belt that have given aid to cotton farmers forced from the fields in established nonproduction zones through efforts to eradicate the pink bollworm.

Pink bollworm of cotton.  
Compensation for losses by farmers for enforced nonproduction to eradicate.  
Vol. 41, p. 1346.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That when any State shall have enacted legislation and taken measures, including the establishment and enforcement of noncotton zones, adequate, in the opinion of the Secretary of Agriculture, to eradicate the pink bollworm in any area thereof actually infested, or threatened, by such pest, the said Secretary, under regulations to be prescribed by him, is authorized, out of the appropriation of \$554,840 for "Eradication of pink bollworm" made by the Agricultural Appropriation Act of March 3, 1921, to utilize not to exceed \$200,000 in reimbursing such States for expenses incurred by them in compensating any farmer for his loss due to the enforced nonproduction of cotton within said zones: *Provided,* That such reimbursement of any State shall be based upon the actual and necessary loss suffered by the owner of said land; that such reimbursement shall not exceed one-third the amount actually paid by the State to any farmer, and, in no event, shall exceed \$5 per acre; and that no reimbursement shall be made in respect of any farmer who has not complied in good faith with all quarantine and control regulations prescribed by said Secretary of Agriculture and such State relative to the pink bollworm.

*Proviso.*  
Restriction in reimbursement to States.

Approved, August 9, 1921.

August 10, 1921.  
[S. J. Res. 5.]  
[Pub. Res., No. 13.]

**CHAP. 60.**—Joint Resolution Authorizing the President to invite foreign nations to take part in an exposition at Portland, Oregon, in 1925.

Portland, Oreg.  
Foreign nations invited to exposition at, in 1925.

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the President of the United States is hereby authorized and requested to invite foreign countries to participate in an exposition to be held in the city of Portland, State of Oregon, in the year 1925, to celebrate the completion of transcontinental and Pacific highways, the centennial of the invention of the electromagnet, and to exemplify the development of hydroelectric energy: *Provided,* That the United States Government shall be put to no expense by reason of the extending of the invitation.

*Proviso.*  
No Government expenses.

Approved, August 10, 1921.

August 11, 1921.  
[S. 252.]  
[Public, No. 48.]

**CHAP. 61.**—An Act To amend an Act approved February 22, 1889, entitled "An Act to provide for the division of Dakota into two States and to enable the people of North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana, and Washington to form constitutions and State governments, and to be admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States, and to make donations of public lands to such States."

North and South Dakota school lands.  
Vol. 25, p. 680, amended.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That section 11 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the division of Dakota into two States and to enable the people of North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana, and Washington to form constitutions and State governments, and to be admitted into the Union on an equal footing with the original States, and to make donations of public lands to such States," approved February 22, 1889, be, and the same hereby is, amended by adding the following: *Provided, however,* That the State may, upon such terms as it may prescribe, grant such easements or rights in such lands as may be acquired in, to, or over the lands of private properties through proceedings in eminent domain:

Rights of way, etc., authorized on.

And provided further, That any of such granted lands found, after title thereto has vested in the State, to be mineral in character, may be leased for a period not longer than twenty years upon such terms and conditions as the legislature may prescribe.

Approved, August 11, 1921.

Leasing of mineral lands.

**CHAP. 62.**—An Act To extend the provisions of section 2455, Revised Statutes, to the lands within the abandoned Fort Buford Military Reservation in the States of North Dakota and Montana.

August 11, 1921.

[S. 732.]

[Public, No. 49.]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the provisions of section 2455, Revised Statutes of the United States, be, and the same are hereby, extended to all nonmineral lands within the abandoned Fort Buford Military Reservation in the States of North Dakota and Montana, which were restored to disposal under the homestead, town site, and desert land laws under the provisions of the Act of May 19, 1900 (Thirty-first Statutes at Large, page 180).

Fort Buford Military Reservation, N. Dak. and Mont.

Sale of lands of abandoned. R. S., sec. 2455, p. 449.

Vol. 31, p. 180.

Approved, August 11, 1921.

**CHAP. 63.**—An Act To amend the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended.

August 13, 1921.

[S. 1811.]

[Public, No. 50.]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the first paragraph of section 20 of the Federal Farm Loan Act, as amended, be, and hereby is, amended to read as follows:

Federal Farm Loan Act. Vol. 41, p. 1362, amended.

Farm Loan bonds. Denominations, terms, etc.

Rate of interest modified.

“SEC. 20. That bonds provided for in this Act shall be issued in denominations of \$40, \$100, \$500, \$1,000, and such larger denominations as the Federal Farm Loan Board may authorize; they shall run for specified minimum and maximum periods, subject to payment and retirement, at the option of the land bank, at any time after the minimum period specified in the bonds, which shall not be longer than ten years from the date of their issue. They shall have interest coupons attached, payable semiannually, and shall be issued in series of not less than \$50,000, the amount and terms to be fixed by the Federal Farm Loan Board. They shall bear a rate of interest not to exceed 5½ per centum per annum, but no bonds issued or sold after June 30, 1923, shall bear a rate of interest to exceed 5 per centum per annum.”

Approved, August 13, 1921.

**CHAP. 64.**—An Act To regulate interstate and foreign commerce in live stock, live-stock products, dairy products, poultry, poultry products, and eggs, and for other purposes.

August 15, 1921.

[H. R. 6320.]

[Public, No. 51.]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

#### TITLE I.—DEFINITIONS.

Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921.

This Act may be cited as the “Packers and Stockyards Act, 1921.”

SEC. 2. (a) When used in this Act—

Title of Act.

Terms defined.

“Person.”

“Secretary.”

“Meat food products.”

- (1) The term “person” includes individuals, partnerships, corporations, and associations;
- (2) The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Agriculture;
- (3) The term “meat food products” means all products and by-products of the slaughtering and meat-packing industry—if edible;