

February 10, 1920.
[H. R. 10701.]
[Public, No. 134.]

CHAP. 65.—An Act Granting the consent of Congress to the Whiteville Lumber Company, Goldsboro, North Carolina, to construct a bridge across the Waccamaw River at or near Old Dock, County of Columbus, North Carolina.

Waccamaw River,
Whiteville Lumber
Company may bridge,
Old Dock, N. C.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Whiteville Lumber Company, Goldsboro, North Carolina, and their successors and assigns, to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Waccamaw River at a point suitable to the interest of navigation, at or near Old Dock, in the County of Columbus, or adjacent thereto, in the State of North Carolina, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906.

Construction.
Vol. 34, p. 84.

Amendment.

SEC. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, February 10, 1920.

February 11, 1920.
[H. R. 343.]
[Public, No. 135.]

CHAP. 67.—An Act To add certain lands to the Ochoce National Forest, Oregon.

Ochoce National
Forest, Oreg.
Lands added to.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following described lands be, and the same are hereby, included in and made a part of the Ochoce National Forest, Oregon, subject to all prior valid adverse rights, and that said lands shall hereafter be subject to all laws affecting national forests: Sections twenty-seven and thirty-four, township seventeen south, range twenty-one east, sections three and ten, and the east half of section nine, township eighteen south, range twenty-one east, all of Willamette meridian and base.

Description.

Approved, February 11, 1920.

February 11, 1920.
[H. R. 4332.]
[Public, No. 136.]

CHAP. 68.—An Act To confer on the Court of Claims jurisdiction to determine the respective rights of and differences between the Fort Berthold Indians and the Government of the United States.

Fort Berthold, Indi-
an Reservation, N.
Dak.
Preamble.

Whereas the Indians of the Fort Berthold Indian Reservation in the State of North Dakota, including the tribes known as the Arickarees, the Gros Ventres, and the Mandans, and the individual members of such tribes make claim against the United States on account of various treaty provisions which, it is alleged, have not been complied with, and on account of various encroachments upon the appropriation by said Government of territory of said tribes and Indians: Therefore

Indians of, may sub-
mit all undetermined
claims to Court of
Claims.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all claims of whatsoever nature which any or all of the tribes of Indians of the Fort Berthold Reservation, North Dakota, may have against the United States, which have not heretofore been determined by the Court of Claims, may be submitted to the Court of Claims, with the right of appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States by either party, for determination of the amount, if any, due said tribes from the United States under any treaties, agreements, or laws of Congress, or for the misappropriation of any of the funds of said tribes, or for the failure of the United States to pay said tribe any money or other property due; and jurisdiction is hereby conferred upon the Court of Claims, with the right of either party to appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States to hear and determine all legal and equitable claims, if any, of said tribe against the United States, and to enter judgment thereon.

Jurisdiction con-
ferred.
Appeal to Supreme
Court.