

the time said lands are opened to entry. That in opening said lands for homestead entry the Secretary of the Interior shall provide for the disposition thereof to the said soldiers, sailors, and marines, by drawing, under general rules and regulations to be promulgated by him: *Provided*, That the rights and benefits conferred by this Act shall not extend to any person who, having been drafted for service under the provisions of the selective service Act, shall have refused to render such service or to wear the uniform of such service of the United States.

Proviso.
Persons excluded.

SEC. 6. That no rights to make entry shall attach by reason of settlement or squatting upon any of the lands hereby restored before the hour on which such lands shall be subject to homestead entry at the land office, and until said lands are opened for settlement and entry as herein provided no person shall enter upon and occupy the same, and any person violating this provision shall never be permitted to enter any of said lands.

Restriction on entry
before time of opening.

SEC. 7. That the Secretary of the Interior shall determine which of the lands now within the boundaries of the Klamath Lake Bird Reserve are chiefly valuable for agricultural purposes and which for the purpose of said reservation, and shall open to homestead entry those lands which are chiefly valuable for agricultural purposes: *Provided*, That the shore line of the lake, including the smallest legal subdivision of land adjoining the flow line, shall remain in the possession of the United States, but access may be provided to the lake for such canals as may be necessary for irrigation, drainage, and domestic water supply.

Klamath Lake Bird
Reservation.
Opening, etc., of
agricultural lands,
within.

Proviso.
Reservation of lake
shore line.

SEC. 8. That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to perform any and all acts and to make such rules and regulations as may be necessary and proper for the purpose of carrying the provisions of this Act into full force and effect.

Regulations, etc., to
be prescribed.

Approved, May 27, 1920.

CHAP. 210.—An Act Granting the consent of Congress to Muskogee County, Oklahoma, to construct a bridge across the Arkansas River, between sections sixteen and twenty-one, township fifteen north, range nineteen east, in the State of Oklahoma.

May 27, 1920.
[H. R. 13665.]
[Public, No. 227.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to Muskogee County, Oklahoma, to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Arkansas River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation between sections sixteen and twenty-one, township fifteen north, range nineteen east, near the town of Fort Gibson, in the county of Muskogee, in the State of Oklahoma, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906.

Arkansas River.
Muskogee County,
Okla., may bridge,
near Fort Gibson.

Construction.
Vol. 34, p. 84.

Amendment.

SEC. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, May 27, 1920.

CHAP. 211.—An Act Granting the consent of Congress to Muskogee County, Oklahoma, to construct a bridge across the Arkansas River, in section eighteen, township twelve north, range twenty-one east, in the State of Oklahoma.

May 27, 1920.
[H. R. 13666.]
[Public, No. 228.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to Muskogee County, Oklahoma, to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the

Arkansas River.
Muskogee County,
Okla., may bridge,
Webbers Falls.

Construction.
Vol. 34, p. 84.

Amendment.

Arkansas River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, in section eighteen, township twelve north, range twenty-one east, near the town of Webbers Falls, in the county of Muskogee, in the State of Oklahoma, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters," approved March 23, 1906.

SEC. 2. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, May 27, 1920.

May 29, 1920.
[H. R. 10072.]
[Public, No. 229.]

CHAP. 212.—An Act To provide for the punishment of officers of United States courts wrongfully converting moneys coming into their possession, and for other purposes.

United States courts.
Officers, etc., wrong-
fully converting
moneys officially re-
ceived by them, guilty
of embezzlement.

Punishment for.

Personal interest
therein no defense.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any United States marshal, clerk, receiver, referee, trustee, or other officer of a United States court, or any deputy, assistant, or employee of any such marshal, clerk, receiver, referee, trustee, or other officer who shall, after demand by the party entitled thereto, unlawfully retain or who shall convert to his own use or to the use of another any moneys received for or on account of costs or advance deposits to cover fees, expenses, or costs, deposits for fees or expenses in bankruptcy cases, composition funds or money of bankrupt estates, fees in naturalization matters, or any other money whatever which has come into his hands by virtue of his official relation or by the fact of his official position or employment shall be deemed guilty of embezzlement and shall, where the offense is not otherwise punishable by some statute of the United States, be fined not more than double the value of the money thus retained or converted or imprisoned not more than ten years, or both; and it shall not be a defense in such case that the accused person had an interest, contingent or otherwise, in some part of such moneys or of the fund from which they were retained or converted.

Approved, May 29, 1920.

May 29, 1920.
[H. R. 12626.]
[Public, No. 230.]

CHAP. 213.—An Act For the relief of certain persons to whom, or their predecessors, patents were issued to public lands along the Snake River in the State of Idaho under an erroneous survey made in 1883.

Public lands.
Sale of unsurveyed
lands in Idaho to oc-
cupants in good faith
under erroneous sur-
veys.

Correction of titles,
etc.

Regulations, pay-
ments, etc.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, subject to the supervisory authority of the Secretary of the Interior, the Commissioner of the General Land Office, in his discretion, is authorized to sell for cash, for \$1.25 per acre, any unsurveyed public land which may, on resurvey, be found to exist in townships nine south of range fourteen east, nine south of range fifteen east, nine south of range sixteen east, and nine south of range seventeen east of the Boise meridian along Snake River in the State of Idaho, to those persons who in good faith, by themselves and their predecessors in interest have heretofore acquired, occupied, and improved under the public land laws in accordance with a Government survey made in 1883; and said commissioner may, in like manner, on principles of equity, adjust, settle, and confirm by patent the title to any lands in said townships heretofore claimed, occupied, and improved under descriptions which on resurvey are found to be erroneous; the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to make any rules and regulations necessary to carry out and effect the purpose of this Act, and any person claiming the