

Probation term.

That when the said light station shall have been completed in accordance with the conditions herein specified and be ready to be lighted the Secretary of Commerce and Labor shall prescribe the manner in which the light shall be exhibited and the said light station be operated, and thereupon the said Eells and his associates, or successors, are authorized and required to operate the said light station in accordance with the said directions of said Secretary and the regulations of the Light-House Board for a period of one year, and at the cost and expense of said Eells and his associates and successors. That at the expiration of said period of one year, the said light station shall be delivered to the United States and shall be placed under the control of the Light-House Board, to operate the said light station in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed by said Board and at the expense of the United States for a period of four years: *Provided*, That if at any time after the installation of the lens and equipment in said structure the Secretary of Commerce and Labor shall find said structure to be insecure he shall cause said lens and equipment to be removed therefrom, if such removal is practicable without unreasonable expense or peril to life, and the United States shall not thereafter use the said structure. That at the expiration of five years after the date when the said light station shall have been completed and lighted, and which period shall embrace the one year during which the said light station shall have been operated by said Eells and his associates, or successors, if the said structure shall be in a substantial and secure condition and in all respects sufficient for the purpose of a light-house at the place where located, such fact shall be so certified by the Secretary of Commerce and Labor, and then and in such event the said Eells and his associates, or successors, assigns, or legal representatives, shall be authorized to demand from the United States the sum of seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars and shall thereafter be free from responsibility incident to said structure and the said light station shall thereupon become part of the permanent light-house establishment of the United States: *Provided*, That if the said Eells and his associates, or successors, shall fail to construct the said structure in accordance with the terms hereof, or shall fail to operate the same for one year, or if at the end of said period of five years the said structure shall not be in a substantial and satisfactory condition as hereinbefore provided, then and in any or either, such event neither the said Eells and his associates, nor any of them, nor their or either of their successors, or assigns nor the heirs, successors, or legal representatives of any of them, or of their successors, or assigns, shall be entitled to demand or receive from the United States any compensation whatever, in whole or in part, by reason of any act or acts done in pursuance hereof.

Approved, March 3, 1905.

March 3, 1905.  
[H. R. 18040.]

[Public, No. 232.]

Gila County, Ariz.  
May issue bonds for  
court-house, etc.

Denominations, in-  
terest, etc.

Term.

**CHAP. 1499.**—An Act To authorize Gila County, Arizona, to issue forty thousand dollars in bonds to build a court-house, and so forth.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the board of supervisors of the county of Gila, Territory of Arizona, is hereby authorized to issue bonds of said county in the sum of forty thousand dollars for the construction of a court-house and jail for said county and vaults for the preservation of its records.

**SEC. 2.** That said bonds may be in such denominations as the said board may prescribe, and shall bear no more than five per centum interest per annum, and shall not be sold for less than their par value.

**SEC. 3.** That said bonds shall be made payable in thirty years; with

an option on the part of the county to pay any or all of them after ten years from the date of their issue.

SEC. 4. That for the purpose of paying the interest on said bonds as it becomes due and provide for a sinking fund to pay said bonds the said board of supervisors shall levy and cause to be collected, as other county taxes are levied and collected, a sufficient tax on the assessable property in said county as will meet the interest as it falls due and provide a reasonable sinking fund to pay said bonds when due.

Taxes for sinking fund.

SEC. 5. That said bonds shall be printed with interest coupons attached thereto; each coupon shall represent one year's interest on the bond, and when the interest represented in a coupon is paid the coupon shall be detached from the bond and placed by the treasurer with his other vouchers before the board of supervisors.

Coupons.

Approved, March 3, 1905.

**CHAP. 1500.**—An Act To amend an Act to prohibit the passage of special or local laws in the Territories, to limit Territorial indebtedness, and to legalize the indebtedness of school district numbered one, in Pawnee County, Oklahoma Territory.

March 3, 1905.  
[H. R. 18514.]

[Public, No. 233.]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Act of Congress approved July thirteenth, eighteen hundred and eighty-six, and the Act of Congress approved June nineteenth, nineteen hundred and two, entitled "An Act to prohibit the passage of local or special laws in the Territories of the United States, to limit Territorial indebtedness, and for other purposes," shall not apply to the indebtedness heretofore incurred and evidenced by warrants outstanding against school district numbered one in Pawnee County, Oklahoma Territory, which includes the city of Pawnee, for the construction of school buildings in said town of Pawnee, which indebtedness is hereby legalized and made valid.

Pawnee County, Okla.  
Indebtedness for school buildings legalized.  
Vol. 24, p. 171; Vol. 32, p. 392.

Approved, March 3, 1905.

**CHAP. 1501.**—An Act To prohibit importation or interstate transportation of insect pests, and the use of the United States mails for that purpose.

March 3, 1905.  
[H. R. 18754.]

[Public, No. 234.]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That no railroad, steamboat, express, stage, or other transportation company shall knowingly transport from one State or Territory into any other State or Territory, or from the District of Columbia into a State or Territory, or from a State or Territory into the District of Columbia, or from a foreign country into the United States, the gypsy moth, brown-tail moth, leopard moth, plum curculio, hop plant-louse, boll weevil, or any of them in a live state, or other insect in a live state which is notoriously injurious to cultivated crops, including vegetables, field crops, bush fruits, orchard trees, forest trees, or shade trees; or the eggs, pupæ, or larvæ of any insect injurious as aforesaid, except when shipped for scientific purposes under the regulations hereinafter provided for; nor shall any person remove from one State or Territory into another State or Territory, or from a foreign country into the United States, or from a State or Territory into the District of Columbia, or from the District of Columbia into any State or Territory, except for scientific purposes under the regulations hereinafter provided for, the gypsy moth, brown-tail moth, leopard moth, plum curculio, hop plant-louse, boll weevil, or any of them in a live state, or other insect in a live state which is notoriously injurious to cultivated crops, including vegetables,

Insect pests.  
Transportation of, by interstate or foreign commerce, forbidden.