

Coates, Thomas Jefferson Coolidge, Frank Miles Day, Albert Dean Currier, William E. Dodge, William F. Draper, William E. Eames, Charles W. Eliot, Theodore N. Ely, Marshall Field, Charles L. Freer, Daniel Chester French, W. M. R. French, Henry C. Frick, Lyman J. Gage, Richard Watson Gilder, Cass Gilbert, Daniel Coit Gilman, Elmer Ellsworth Garnsey, Arthur T. Hadley, Charles C. Harrison, Thomas Hastings, William H. Herriman, Henry L. Higginson, Charles L. Hutchinson, William M. Kendall, John La Farge, Charles Lanier, Frederick Layton, Austin W. Lord, George B. McClellan, Clarence H. Mackay, Charles F. McKim, William C. McMillan, Frederic MacMonnies, William Rutherford Mead, Frank Millet, S. Weir Mitchell, Charles Moore, Edwin D. Morgan, J. Pierpont Morgan, H. Siddons Mowbray, Frederick Law Olmsted, Francis L. Patton, Robert Swain Peabody, Henry Kirke Porter, George B. Post, Henry S. Pritchett, Frederick W. Rhineland, James D. Richardson, Edward Robinson, Elihu Root, F. Augustus Schermerhorn, J. G. Schurman, Carl Schurz, James Speyer, James Stillman, Waldo Story, Augustus Saint Gaudens, H. A. C. Taylor, S. Breck Parkman Trowbridge, William K. Vanderbilt, Henry Walters, John Q. A. Ward, Henry White, Stanford White, S. O. Warren, Egerton L. Winthrop, their associates and successors, are hereby created a body corporate and politic in the District of Columbia by the name of the American Academy in Rome, for the purpose of establishing and maintaining an institution to promote the study and practice of the fine arts and to aid and stimulate the education and training of architects, painters, sculptors, and other artists, by enabling such citizens of the United States as shall be selected by competition from among those who have passed with honor through leading technical schools or have been equally well qualified by private instruction or study to develop their powers and complete their training under the most favorable conditions of direction and surroundings.

Purposes.

SEC. 2. That said corporation may adopt a constitution and make all by-laws, rules, and regulations not inconsistent with law that may be necessary or expedient in order to accomplish the purposes of its creation; and it may hold real estate and personal property in the United States and in the Kingdom of Italy for the necessary use and purposes of said organization to an amount not to exceed one million dollars; and it may adopt a seal. Said corporation shall have its principal office in Washington, in the District of Columbia, and shall hold its annual meetings in such places as the said incorporators shall determine.

Powers.

Principal office.

SEC. 3. That no official of the United States shall be eligible to serve as director of the said corporation, and when any director shall become an official of the United States he shall cease by virtue of this Act to be a director of the corporation hereby authorized.

Directors.

SEC. 4. That under no circumstances shall the United States be liable for any obligation incurred by this corporation.

Nonliability of Government.

Approved, March 3, 1905.

CHAP. 1476.—An Act To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to construct dams across the Yellowstone River in Montana in connection with irrigation works.

March 3, 1905.
[H. R. 19118.]

[Public, No. 209.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That where, in carrying out projects under the provisions of the national reclamation Act, it shall be necessary to construct dams in or across the Yellowstone River in the State of Montana, the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to construct and use and operate the same in the manner and for the purposes contemplated by said reclamation Act.

Yellowstone River,
Mont.
Dams under reclamation act.
Vol. 32, p. 388.

Approved, March 3, 1905.