

gation are authorized to hold or to lease the same for a term not exceeding ten years. And such mortgages, deeds, and conveyances shall have the same effect and be enforced by the same remedies and proceedings as like mortgages, deeds, leases, and conveyances made by natural persons."

Approved, March 3, 1883.

Mar. 3, 1883.

**CHAP. 125.**—An act to punish larceny from the person in the District of Columbia.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That whoever, in the District of Columbia, commits larceny from the person of another shall be deemed guilty of a felony, and shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by imprisonment not more than six years, or by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Larceny from the person of another a felony.  
Penalty.  
Attempt to commit larceny, etc.

**SEC. 2.** That whoever, in the District of Columbia, attempts to commit larceny from the person of another by any overt act, done with the intent to commit a larceny, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction thereof, be punished in the police court of the District of Columbia by imprisonment in the District jail not more than one year, or by fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Penalty.

Approved, March 3, 1883.

Mar. 3, 1883.

**CHAP. 126.**—An act to confer upon the senior associate justice of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, in the absence or inability of the chief justice of said court, the powers and duties now conferred upon said chief justice, relative to the extradition of fugitives from justice.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the powers conferred upon and the duties prescribed for the chief justice of the supreme court of the District of Columbia, in relation to fugitives from justice, by section eight hundred and forty-three of an act entitled "An act to revise and consolidate the statutes of the United States, general and permanent in their nature, relative to the District of Columbia, in force on the first day of December, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and seventy-three," approved June twenty-second, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, shall, in case of his absence or disability, devolve upon and be discharged by the senior associate justice of said court who may be present in said District and able to act.

Powers and duties of chief justice of supreme court of District of Columbia authorized to devolve on senior associate justice, etc.

R. S. D. C., 843, 99.

**SEC. 2.** That this act shall take effect from and after its passage.

Approved, March 3, 1883.

Mar. 3, 1883.

**CHAP. 127.**—An act for the relief of Edward Bellows.

Preamble.  
Edward Bellows. Relief of.

Whereas, Edward Bellows, upon the eighteenth day of July, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and sixty six, was, by the President of the United States, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, duly appointed and commissioned a paymaster in the Navy of the United States from the twentieth day of February, anno Domini eighteen hundred and sixty-six; and

Whereas, on the twenty eighth day of January, anno Domini eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, the Secretary of the Navy issued an order declaring that said Bellows was dismissed the Naval service, declared in such order of dismissal to be "in consequence of the facts appearing

upon the record of the naval court martial before which he was tried, in November, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight;" and

Whereas, on the twenty-second day of January, anno Domini eighteen hundred and eighty, the President of the United States, through the Secretary of the Navy, after investigation of the facts in the case, determined and issued an order declaring that said order of dismissal was illegal and void, and annulled and revoked, because issued contrary to the provisions of section sixteen hundred and twenty-four, article thirty-six, page two hundred and eighty-two of the Revised Statutes of the United States, and the name of said Edward Bellows was thereupon, by order of the President, restored to the list of Paymasters on the Naval Register, next after that of Paymaster George A. Lyon, being the original relative position held by him on that list, and to which he is entitled by virtue of his commission, which position on said list the said Bellows has ever since held and now holds, and

Whereas, on the sixteenth day of March, anno Domini eighteen hundred and sixty-nine, while the said order of dismissal remained upon the records unrevoked, the President of the United States, under the mistaken belief that said order of dismissal was valid and according to law, and that the same caused a vacancy, by reason of said dismissal, in the list of paymasters, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate appointed Leonard A. Frailey paymaster in the Navy, declaring such appointment to be "vice Bellows, dismissed;" and

Whereas, by a recent decision and judgment of the Supreme Court of the United States in the case of Charles M. Blake versus the United States (thirteenth Otto, page two hundred and twenty-seven) said decision makes questionable the right of said Bellows to hold said office; and

Whereas, including the said Bellows, the present number of paymasters does not exceed the number now allowed by law: Therefore

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the President of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorized to nominate and, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint the said Edward Bellows paymaster in the Navy of the United States, to take rank and position on the list of such paymasters in the position where his name now stands on the Register as above stated: *Provided,* That such appointment shall not entitle the said Edward Bellows to compensation during the time his name was not borne on said list, and during which he was not recognized as a paymaster in the service; *Provided further,* That after such appointment the said Edward Bellows shall be entitled to longevity pay upon his said commission of date February twentieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-six.

Approved, March 3, 1883.

President of the United States authorized to nominate Edward Bellows paymaster, United States Navy.  
*Provisos.*

**CHAP. 128.**—An act making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four and for other purposes.

Mar. 3, 1883.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the following sums be, and the same are hereby, appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, in full compensation for the service of the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and eighty-four, for the objects hereinafter expressed, namely:

Appropriations. Legislative, executive, and judicial expenses.

LEGISLATIVE.

SENATE.

For compensation of Senators, three hundred and eighty thousand dollars.

Senate.

Compensation.