

Residence, duties, and fees.

sent of the Senate of the United States, or during the recess thereof, and until the end of the next ensuing session, a register and receiver for each of said land districts, who shall be required to reside at the site of their respective offices, who shall be subject to the same laws and responsibilities, and whose compensation and fees shall be respectively the same per annum as are now allowed by law to other land offices in said State.

APPROVED, July 14, 1870.

July 14, 1870. CHAP. CCLXVIII. — *An Act to establish a Port of Delivery at Kansas City, Missouri.*

Kansas City, Mo., made a port of delivery in the collection district of New Orleans. 1831, ch. 87. Vol. iv. p. 480.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the city of Kansas, in the State of Missouri, shall be, and is hereby, constituted a port of delivery, annexed to and made a part of the collection district of New Orleans, and shall be subject to the same regulations and restrictions as other ports of delivery in the United States; and all the privileges and facilities afforded by the act of Congress of the second March, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, entitled "An act allowing the duties on foreign merchandise imported into Pittsburg, Wheeling, Cincinnati, Louisville, Saint Louis, Nashville, and Natchez to be secured and paid at those places," shall be extended to said port. A surveyor of customs shall be appointed to reside at said port and perform the duties prescribed by law, who shall receive the same compensation now provided or which may hereafter be provided by law for surveyors of the same grade.

APPROVED, July 14, 1870.

Surveyor, residence, duties, and pay.

July 14, 1870. CHAP. CCLXIX. — *An Act to create a Port of Delivery at Houston, Texas.*

Houston, Texas, made a port of delivery in collection district of Galveston. Surveyor, residence, duties, pay. 1831, ch. 87. Vol. iv. p. 480.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That Houston, in the State of Texas, shall be, and is hereby, constituted a port of delivery within the collection district of Galveston, and there shall be appointed a surveyor of customs, to reside at said port, who shall perform the duties and receive the compensation and emoluments prescribed in the act of Congress approved March two, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, being "An act allowing the duties on foreign merchandise imported into Pittsburg, Wheeling, Cincinnati, Louisville, Saint Louis, Nashville, and Natchez, to be secured and paid at those places."

APPROVED, July 14, 1870.

July 14, 1870. CHAP. CCLXX. — *An Act to annul a Portion of a certain Statute of the Territory of New Mexico, and for other Purposes.*

A certain portion of a statute of the Territory of New Mexico declared void.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the following recited portion of a statute of the Territory of New Mexico, approved February second, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, viz.: "And no writ of execution shall on any account be executed on the real estate of any person, if there be no mortgage made by the husband and wife owning the said property, and the mortgage must have been executed with all the formalities required by law," be, and the same is hereby, disapproved and declared null and void: *Provided,* That there shall be exempt from levy and forced sale under any process or order from any court of law or equity in said Territory the lot or parcel of ground and the buildings thereon occupied as a residence and owned by the debtor, being a householder and having a family, to the value of one thousand dollars. And if, in the opinion of the creditors, the premises claimed by such debtor as exempt are worth more than one thousand dollars, then it shall be lawful for the officer to advertise and sell the said premises and out of the proceeds of

Homestead to the value of \$1,000 exempt from levy, &c.

If premises are worth more than \$1,000.

such sale to pay to such execution debtor the said sum of one thousand dollars, which shall be exempt from execution for one year thereafter, and apply the balance on said execution: *And provided further*, That no sale shall be made unless a greater sum than one thousand dollars shall be bid for said premises.

No sale unless over \$1,000 is bid.

APPROVED, July 14, 1870.

CHAP. CCLXXI. — *An Act to amend an Act entitled "An Act amendatory of the organic Law of Colorado Territory, and for other Purposes," approved May fourth, eighteen hundred and seventy.* July 14, 1870.  
1870, ch. 73.  
Ante, p. 96.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the first section of an act entitled "An act amendatory of the organic law of Colorado Territory, and for other purposes," approved May fourth, eighteen hundred and seventy, be, and the same is so far amended, that writs of error shall be allowed from any decision of a probate court to the supreme court of said Territory, in the same manner they were allowed before the passage of the act to which this is amendatory.

Writs of error allowed from probate court in Colorado to the supreme court of the Territory.

APPROVED, July 14, 1870.

CHAP. CCLXXII. — *An Act to extend the Provisions of the Pre-emption Laws to the Territory of Colorado, and for other Purposes.* July 14, 1870.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the privileges of the act of May thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, entitled "An act to reduce the expenses of the survey and sale of the public lands in the United States," be, and the same are hereby, extended to Colorado; and the proviso of the first section of the act approved June second, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, entitled "An act to establish a land office in the Territory of Colorado, and for other purposes," is hereby repealed.

Pub. Res. No. 52.  
Post, p. 601.

Pre-emption laws, &c. extended to Colorado.  
1862, ch. 86.  
Vol. xii p. 409.  
Repeal of part of 1862, ch. 94, § 1.  
Vol. xii. p. 413.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That nothing in the act of Congress approved March twenty-seven, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, entitled "An act for the relief of settlers on lands reserved for railroad purposes," shall be construed to relieve such settlers from the obligation to file the proper notices of their claims, as in other cases, and all claimants of pre-emption rights shall hereafter, when no shorter period of time is now prescribed by law, make the proper proof and payment for the lands claimed, within eighteen months after the date prescribed for filing their declaratory notices shall have expired: *Provided*, That where said date shall have elapsed before the passage of this act, said pre-emptors shall have one year after the passage hereof in which to make such proof and payment.

Settlers to file notices of their claims.

Pre-emption claimants when to make proof and payment.  
1854, ch. 25.  
Vol. x. p. 269.  
Proviso.

APPROVED, July 14, 1870.

CHAP. CCLXXIII. — *An Act to establish certain Post-Roads.* July 14, 1870.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the following be established as post-roads:—

Ante, p. 69.  
Post-roads established in

ALABAMA.

Alabama.

- From Scottsboro to Lebanon.
- From Evergreen to Cokerville.
- From Abbeville, via Martinsville and Smithville, to Columbia.
- From Huntsville to Center Hill.
- From Huntsville, via Meridianville, to Fayetteville.
- From New Market to Elora.
- From Larkin's Fork to Hunt's Station.