

Congress passed during the first session of the Thirty-ninth Congress, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen-hundred and sixty-seven, the sum of four hundred and eighty-six thousand five hundred and twenty-five dollars.

See pages 5, 189, 280.

APPROVED, July 28, 1866.

CHAP. CCCVII.—*An Act to protect the Manufacturers of Mineral Waters in the District of Columbia, and for other Purposes.* July 28, 1866.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That all manufacturers and vendors of mineral waters and other beverages by law allowed to be sold in bottles, upon which their names or their mark or marks shall be respectively impressed, may file with the clerk of the supreme court of the District of Columbia a description of such bottles and of the name or marks thereon, and shall cause the same to be published for not less than two weeks, successively, in a daily or weekly newspaper, published in said District of Columbia.

Manufacturers, &c. of mineral waters, &c. sold in bottles on which are their names or marks, may file in court description of bottles, &c.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That it is hereby declared to be unlawful for any person or persons hereafter, without the permission of the owner or owners thereof, to fill with mineral waters or other beverages any such bottles so marked, for sale, or to traffic in any such bottles so marked, and not bought by him or her of such owner or owners thereof; and every person so offending shall be liable to a penalty of fifty cents for every bottle so filled, or sold, or used, or disposed of, or bought, or trafficked in, for the first offence; and of five dollars for every subsequent offence, to be recovered as other fines in said District of Columbia.

The filling such bottles with mineral water, &c. without permission, declared unlawful.

Penalty.

APPROVED, July 28, 1866.

CHAP. CCCVIII.—*An Act donating certain Lots in the City of Washington for Schools for Colored Children in the District of Columbia.* July 28, 1866.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the commissioner of public buildings be, and he is hereby, authorized and required to grant and convey to the trustees of colored schools for the cities of Washington and Georgetown, in the District of Columbia, for the sole use of schools for colored children in said District of Columbia, all the right, title, and interest of the United States in and to lots numbered one, two, and eighteen in square nine hundred and eighty-five, in the said city of Washington, said lots having been designated and set apart by the Secretary of the Interior to be used for colored schools. And whenever the same shall be converted to other uses, they shall revert to the United States.

Grant of certain lots of land in Washington for the sole use of schools for colored children.

To revert, if &c.

APPROVED, July 28, 1866.

CHAP. CCCIX.—*An Act to extend the Jurisdiction of Commissioners of the Circuit Courts of the United States.* July 28, 1866.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the commissioners who now are, or hereafter may be, appointed by the circuit courts of the United States to take acknowledgments of bail and affidavits, and also to take depositions in civil causes, shall and may exercise all the powers that any justice of the peace may exercise under and in virtue of the seventh section of the act passed the twentieth of July, anno Domini seventeen hundred and ninety, entitled "An act for the government and regulation of seamen in the merchant service."

Commissioners of the circuit courts may exercise powers of justice of peace, under act 1790, ch. 29, § 7. Vol. i. p. 184.

APPROVED, July 28, 1866.