

marine, entitled to a pension, shall be admitted into a navy hospital, such pension during his continuance therein shall be paid to the commissioners of the navy hospitals, and deducted from the account of such pensioner.

APPROVED, February 26, 1811.

CHAP. XXVIII.—*An Act in addition to the act entitled "An act supplementary to the act concerning Consuls and Vice Consuls," and for the further protection of American seamen.*

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in all cases where distressed mariners and seamen of the United States have been transported from foreign ports where there was no consul, vice consul, commercial agent, or vice commercial agent of the United States, to ports of the United States; and in all cases where they shall hereafter be so transported, there shall be allowed to the master or owner of each vessel, in which they shall or may have been transported, such reasonable compensation, in addition to the allowance now fixed by law, as shall be deemed equitable by the comptroller of the treasury.

APPROVED, February 28, 1811.

CHAP. XXIX.—*An Act supplementary to the act, entitled "An act concerning the commercial intercourse between the United States and Great Britain and France and their dependencies, and for other purposes."*(a)

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That no vessel owned wholly by a citizen or citizens of the United States, which shall have departed from a British port prior to the second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eleven, and no merchandise, owned wholly by a citizen or citizens of the United States, imported in such vessel, shall be liable to seizure or forfeiture, on account of any infraction or presumed infraction of the provisions of the act to which this act is a supplement.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That in case Great Britain shall so revoke or modify her edicts, as that they shall cease to violate the neutral commerce of the United States, the President of the United States shall declare the fact by proclamation; and such proclamation shall be admitted as evidence, and no other evidence shall be admitted of such revocation or modification in any suit or prosecution which may be instituted under the fourth section of the act to which this act is a supplement. And the restrictions imposed or which may be imposed by virtue of the said act, shall, from the date of such proclamation, cease and be discontinued.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted,* That until the proclamation aforesaid shall have been issued, the several provisions of the third, fourth, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth and eighteenth sections of the act, entitled "An act to interdict the commercial intercourse between the United States and Great Britain and France and their dependencies, and for other purposes," shall have full force and be immediately carried into effect against Great Britain, her colonies and dependencies: *Provided however,* that any vessel or merchandise which may in pursuance thereof be seized, prior to the fact being ascertained, whether Great Britain shall, on or before the second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eleven, have revoked or modified her edicts in the manner above mentioned, shall nevertheless be restored on application of the parties, on

STATUTE III.

Feb. 28, 1811.

Act of April 14, 1792, ch. 24.
Act of Feb. 28, 1803, ch. 9.
Act of March 3, 1817, ch. 40.

STATUTE III.

March 2, 1811.

[Repealed.]

Act of April 14, 1814, ch. 56.
Vessels leaving England before 2d February, not liable to seizure owned wholly by citizens of the U. States.

1810, ch. 39.

Great Britain revoking its decrees, &c. &c. the fact to be declared by proclamation, &c.

Certain sections of a former law to be in force.

Act of March 1, 1809, ch. 24.

(a) Act of March 1, 1809, chap. 24; act of May 30, 1809, chap. 1; act of June 28, 1809, chap. 9; act of May 1, 1810, chap. 39.

their giving bond with approved sureties to the United States, in a sum equal to the value thereof, to abide the decision of the proper court of the United States thereon; and any such bond shall be considered as satisfied if Great Britain shall, on or before the second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eleven, have revoked or modified her edicts in the manner above mentioned: *Provided also*, that nothing herein contained shall be construed to affect any ships or vessels or the cargoes of ships or vessels wholly owned by a citizen or citizens of the United States, which had cleared out for the Cape of Good Hope, or for any port beyond the same, prior to the tenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and ten.

APPROVED, March 2, 1811.

STATUTE III.

March 2, 1811.

CHAP. XXX.—*An Act for establishing trading houses with the Indian tribes.*(a)

Trading-houses to be established.

Superintendent of Indian trade to be appointed—his duties, &c. &c.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be lawful for the President of the United States to establish trading houses at such posts and places on the frontiers, or in the Indian country, on either or both sides of the Mississippi river, as he shall judge most convenient, for the purpose of carrying on a liberal trade with the several Indian nations, within the United States, or their territories.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the President of the United States shall be authorized to appoint a superintendent of Indian trade, whose duty it shall be to purchase and take charge of all goods intended for trade with the Indian nations aforesaid, and to transmit the same to such places as he shall be directed by the President; and he shall take an oath or affirmation faithfully to execute the trust committed to him, and that he will not directly or indirectly be concerned or interested in any trade, commerce or barter restricted by this law, and except on the public account; and he shall also give bond, in the penal sum of twenty thousand dollars, with sufficient security, to be approved of by the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, truly and honestly to account for all money, goods and other property whatever, which shall come into his hands, or for which in good faith he ought so to account, and to perform all the duties required of him by this act; and he shall render to the Secretary of the Treasury a quarter yearly account of all his receipts and expenditures of cash, purchases and transmittals of goods for

(a) Obsolete acts relating to trading houses with the Indians:—

An act for establishing trading houses with the Indian tribes, April 18, 1796, chap. 13.

An act to revive and continue in force "An act for establishing trading houses with the Indian tribes," April 30, 1802, chap. 39.

An act for continuing in force a law entitled, "An act for establishing trading houses with the Indian tribes," February 28, 1803, chap. 14.

An act for establishing trading houses with the Indian tribes, April 21, 1806, chap. 48.

An act supplemental to an act entitled, "An act for establishing trading houses with the Indian tribes," March 3, 1809, chap. 34.

An act establishing trading houses with the Indian tribes, March 2, 1811, chap. 30.

An act to continue in force for a limited time, the act entitled, "An act for establishing trading houses with the Indian tribes," March 3, 1815, chap. 98.

An act to continue in force an act entitled, "An act for establishing trading houses with the Indian tribes," March 3, 1817, chap. 43.

An act directing the manner of appointing Indian agents, and continuing the "act for establishing trading houses with the Indian tribes," April 16, 1818, chap. 61.

An act to continue in force for a further time the act entitled, "An act for establishing trading houses with the Indian tribes," March 3, 1819, chap. 78.

An act to continue in force for a further time the act entitled, "An act for establishing trading houses with the Indian tribes," March 4, 1820, chap. 18.

An act to continue in force for a further time the act entitled, "An act to establish trading houses with the Indian tribes," March 3, 1821, chap. 44.

The trading houses with the Indian tribes, were abolished by an act to abolish the United States trading establishments with the Indian tribes, May 6, 1822, chap. 54.