

“Philippine Government.”

SEC. 7. For the purposes of this Act the term “Philippine Government” shall mean “Government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines” until the date of independence, and thereafter it shall mean the “Government of the Republic of the Philippines”.

Approved July 3, 1946.

[CHAPTER 537]

AN ACT

To amend the Act entitled “An Act to protect trade and commerce against interference by violence, threats, coercion, or intimidation”, approved June 18, 1934.

July 3, 1946

[H. R. 32]

[Public Law 486]

Protection of trade and commerce.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Act entitled “An Act to protect trade and commerce against interference by violence, threats, coercion, or intimidation”, approved June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 979; U. S. C., 1940 edition, title 18, secs. 420a–420e), be, and it is hereby, amended to read as follows:

“TITLE I

Definitions.

“SEC. 1. As used in this title—

“(a) The term ‘commerce’ means (1) commerce between any point in a State, Territory, or the District of Columbia and any point outside thereof, or between points within the same State, Territory, or the District of Columbia but through any place outside thereof, and (2) commerce within the District of Columbia or any Territory, and (3) all other commerce over which the United States has jurisdiction; and the term ‘Territory’ means any Territory or possession of the United States.

“(b) The term ‘robbery’ means the unlawful taking or obtaining of personal property, from the person or in the presence of another, against his will, by means of actual or threatened force, or violence, or fear of injury, immediate or future, to his person or property, or property in his custody or possession, or the person or property of a relative or member of his family or anyone in his company at the time of the taking or obtaining.

“(c) The term ‘extortion’ means the obtaining of property from another, with his consent, induced by wrongful use of actual or threatened force, violence, or fear, or under color of official right.

Felonies.

“SEC. 2. Whoever in any way or degree obstructs, delays, or affects commerce, or the movement of any article or commodity in commerce, by robbery or extortion, shall be guilty of a felony.

“SEC. 3. Whoever conspires with another or with others, or acts in concert with another or with others to do anything in violation of section 2 shall be guilty of a felony.

“SEC. 4. Whoever attempts or participates in an attempt to do anything in violation of section 2 shall be guilty of a felony.

“SEC. 5. Whoever commits or threatens physical violence to any person or property in furtherance of a plan or purpose to do anything in violation of section 2 shall be guilty of a felony.

Penalty.

“SEC. 6. Whoever violates any section of this title shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by imprisonment for not more than twenty years or by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both.

“TITLE II

“Nothing in this Act shall be construed to repeal, modify, or affect either section 6 or section 20 of an Act entitled ‘An Act to supplement existing laws against unlawful restraints and monopolies, and

for other purposes', approved October 15, 1914, or an Act entitled 'An Act to amend the judicial code and to define and limit the jurisdiction of the courts in equity, and for other purposes', approved March 23, 1932, or an Act entitled 'An Act to provide for the prompt disposition of disputes between carriers and their employees, and for other purposes', approved May 20, 1926, as amended, or an Act entitled 'An Act to diminish the causes of labor disputes burdening or obstructing interstate or foreign commerce, to create a National Labor Relations Board, and for other purposes', approved July 5, 1935."

Approved July 3, 1946.

[CHAPTER 538]

### AN ACT

To amend the Public Health Service Act to provide for research relating to psychiatric disorders and to aid in the development of more effective methods of prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of such disorders, and for other purposes.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "National Mental Health Act".*

### PURPOSE

SEC. 2. The purpose of this Act is the improvement of the mental health of the people of the United States through the conducting of researches, investigations, experiments, and demonstrations relating to the cause, diagnosis, and treatment of psychiatric disorders; assisting and fostering such research activities by public and private agencies, and promoting the coordination of all such researches and activities and the useful application of their results; training personnel in matters relating to mental health; and developing, and assisting States in the use of, the most effective methods of prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of psychiatric disorders.

### DEFINITIONS

SEC. 3. (a) Section 2 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U. S. C., ch. 6A) is amended by striking out the word "and" at the end of paragraph (j), by striking out the period at the end of paragraph (k) and inserting in lieu thereof a semicolon, and by inserting after paragraph (k) the following new paragraphs:

"(1) The term 'psychiatric disorders' includes diseases of the nervous system which affect mental health; and

"(m) The term 'State mental health authority' means the State health authority, except that, in the case of any State in which there is a single State agency, other than the State health authority, charged with responsibility for administering the mental health program of the State, it means such other State agency."

SEC. 4. Section 208 (b) of the Public Health Service Act is amended to read as follows:

"(b) (1) Whenever commissioned officers of the Service are not available for the performance of permanent duties requiring highly specialized training and experience in special fields related to public health, the Administrator on recommendation of the Surgeon General shall report that fact to the President and the President is authorized to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, not to exceed three persons in any one fiscal year to grades in the Regular Corps of the Service above that of senior assistant, but not to a grade above that of director.

38 Stat. 731, 738.  
15 U. S. C. § 17; 29  
U. S. C. § 52; Supp. V,  
§ 52.

47 Stat. 70.  
29 U. S. C. §§ 101-  
115.

44 Stat. 577.  
45 U. S. C. §§ 151-  
188; Supp. V, § 151 *et*  
*seq.*; 28 U. S. C. §§ 225,  
348; Supp. V, § 225.  
49 Stat. 449.  
29 U. S. C. §§ 151-  
166.

July 3, 1946  
[H. R. 4512]  
[Public Law 487]

National Mental  
Health Act.

58 Stat. 682.  
42 U. S. C., Supp.  
V, § 201.

"Psychiatric dis-  
orders."

"State mental  
health authority."

58 Stat. 685.  
42 U. S. C., Supp.  
V, § 209 (b).

Appointments.