

"PENALTIES

"SEC. 325. Any person who willfully violates any provision of this title or any rule, regulation, or order thereunder, or any person who willfully, in any application, report, or document filed or required to be filed under the provisions of this title or any rule, regulation, or order thereunder, makes any untrue statement of a material fact or omits to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, shall upon conviction be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned not more than five years, or both.

Penalties.

"EFFECT ON EXISTING LAW

"SEC. 326. Except as otherwise expressly provided, nothing in this title shall affect (1) the jurisdiction of the Commission under the Securities Act of 1933, or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, over any person, security, or contract, or (2) the rights, obligations, duties, or liabilities of any person under such Acts; nor shall anything in this title affect the jurisdiction of any other commission, board, agency, or officer of the United States or of any State or political subdivision of any State, over any person or security, insofar as such jurisdiction does not conflict with any provision of this title or any rule, regulation, or order thereunder.

Effect on existing law.

48 Stat. 74, 881;
49 Stat. 803.
15 U. S. C. chs. 2A,
2B; Supp. IV, chs.
2A, 2B, 2C.

"CONTRARY STIPULATIONS VOID

"SEC. 327. Any condition, stipulation, or provision binding any person to waive compliance with any provision of this title or with any rule, regulation, or order thereunder shall be void.

Contrary stipulations void.

"SEPARABILITY OF PROVISIONS

"SEC. 328. If any provision of this title or the application of such provision to any person or circumstance shall be held invalid, the remainder of the title and the application of such provision to persons or circumstances other than those as to which it is held invalid shall not be affected thereby."

Separability of provisions.

Approved, August 3, 1939.

[CHAPTER 412]

AN ACT

Providing for the exchange of certain park lands at the northern boundary of Piney Branch Parkway, near Argyle Terrace, for other lands more suitable for the use and development of Piney Branch Parkway.

August 3, 1939
[S. 2666]

[Public, No. 254]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in order to better adjust the boundaries of Piney Branch Parkway and to make said parkway more usable and more readily developed, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to convey, by and on behalf of the United States of America, to the owners of parcel 69/47, or to such party or parties as said owners shall designate, the title of the United States in and to a triangular piece of land containing approximately twenty-two thousand square feet at the northern boundary of Piney Branch Parkway near Argyle Terrace and abutting parcel 69/47: *Provided,* That the owners of said parcel 69/47 shall furnish the United States of America with a good and sufficient title in fee simple, free of all encumbrances, to a triangular piece of land containing

District of Columbia.
Exchange of certain park lands in, authorized.

Location.

Proriso.
Condition.

approximately twenty-six thousand square feet, abutting the northern boundary of Piney Branch Parkway at its intersection with the eastern boundary of Rock Creek Park. The transfers provided for herein are designated approximately upon plat file numbered 3.6-114 in the files of the National Capital Park and Planning Commission. The conveyances shall be by proper deed and other instruments containing full legal description by exact survey of the land exchanged, as provided by law.

Approved, August 3, 1939.

[CHAPTER 413]

AN ACT

To amend the National Stolen Property Act.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 of the National Stolen Property Act, approved May 22, 1934 (48 Stat. 794; U. S. C., title 18, sec. 415), be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 3. Whoever shall transport or cause to be transported in interstate or foreign commerce any goods, wares, or merchandise, securities, or money, of the value of \$5,000 or more theretofore stolen, feloniously converted, or taken feloniously by fraud or with intent to steal or purloin, knowing the same to have been so stolen, feloniously converted, or taken, or whoever with unlawful or fraudulent intent shall transport or cause to be transported in interstate or foreign commerce any falsely made, forged, altered, or counterfeited securities, knowing the same to have been falsely made, forged, altered, or counterfeited, or whoever with unlawful or fraudulent intent shall transport, or cause to be transported in interstate or foreign commerce, any bed piece, bed plate, roll, plate, die, seal, stone, type, or other tool, implement, or thing used or fitted to be used in falsely making, forging, altering, or counterfeiting any security, or any part thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or by imprisonment for not more than ten years, or both: *Provided*, That the provisions of this section shall not apply to any falsely made, forged, altered, counterfeited, or spurious representation of (1) an 'obligation or other security of the United States' as defined in section 147 of the Criminal Code (U. S. C., title 18, sec. 261) or (2) an obligation, bond, certificate, security, treasury note, bill, promise to pay, or bank note, issued by any 'foreign government' as defined in the Act of June 15, 1917, title VIII, section 4 (U. S. C., title 18, sec. 288), or by a bank or corporation of any foreign country."

SEC. 2. That section 4 of the National Stolen Property Act, approved May 22, 1934 (48 Stat. 794; U. S. C., title 18, sec. 416), is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 4. Whoever shall receive, conceal, store, barter, sell, or dispose of any goods, wares, or merchandise, securities, or money of the value of \$5,000 or more, or whoever shall pledge or accept as security for a loan any goods, wares, or merchandise, or securities, of the value of \$500 or more, moving as, or which are a part of, or which constitute interstate or foreign commerce, knowing the same to have been stolen, unlawfully converted, or taken, or whoever shall receive, conceal, store, barter, sell, or dispose of any falsely made, forged, altered, or counterfeited securities, or whoever shall pledge or accept as security for a loan any falsely made, forged, altered, or counterfeited securities, moving as, or which are a part of, or which constitute interstate or foreign commerce, knowing the same to have been so falsely made, forged, altered, or counterfeited, or whoever shall receive in interstate or foreign commerce, or conceal, store, barter,

August 3, 1939

[H. R. 1996]

[Public, No. 256]

National Stolen Property Act, amendments.

48 Stat. 794.

18 U. S. C. § 415.

Transportation of stolen, etc., goods, securities, or money.

Falsely made, forged, or counterfeited securities.

Implements used in forging or counterfeiting securities.

Penalty.

Proviso.

Counterfeited U. S. or foreign securities not included herein.

35 Stat. 1115.

18 U. S. C. § 261; Supp. IV, § 261.

40 Stat. 226.

18 U. S. C. § 288.

48 Stat. 795.

18 U. S. C. § 416.

Knowingly receiving, disposing, etc., of such property. Use of, as security.

Falsely made, forged, or counterfeited securities. Use as security.

Implements used in forging, counterfeiting, etc., securities.