

# PUBLIC LAWS

ENACTED DURING THE

## FIRST SESSION OF THE SEVENTY-FIFTH CONGRESS

OF THE

### UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

*Begun and held at the City of Washington on Tuesday, January 5, 1937, and adjourned without day on Saturday, August 21, 1937*

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, President; JOHN N. GARNER, Vice President; KEY PITTMAN, President of the Senate *pro tempore*; WILLIAM B. BANKHEAD, Speaker of the House of Representatives; LINDSAY C. WARREN, Speaker of the House of Representatives *pro tempore*, May 24–June 1, 1937.

[CHAPTER 1]

#### JOINT RESOLUTION

To prohibit the exportation of arms, ammunition, and implements of war from the United States to Spain.

January 8, 1937  
[S. J. Res. 3]

[Pub. Res., No. 1]

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That during the existence of the state of civil strife now obtaining in Spain it shall, from and after the approval of this Resolution be unlawful to export arms, ammunition, or implements of war from any place in the United States, or possessions of the United States, to Spain or to any other foreign country for transshipment to Spain or for use of either of the opposing forces in Spain. Arms, ammunition, or implements of war, the exportation of which is prohibited by this Resolution, are those enumerated in the President's Proclamation No. 2163 of April 10, 1936.

Exportation of arms and war implements to Spain; prohibition during present civil strife.

Arms, etc., defined.  
49 Stat. 3503.

Licenses heretofore issued under existing law for the exportation of arms, ammunition, or implements of war to Spain shall, as to all future exportations thereunder, ipso facto be deemed to be cancelled.

Existing licenses.

Whoever in violation of any of the provisions of this Resolution shall export, or attempt to export, or cause to be exported either directly or indirectly, arms, ammunition, or implements of war from the United States or any of its possessions, shall be fined not more than ten thousand dollars or imprisoned not more than five years, or both.

Penalty for violation.

When in the judgment of the President the conditions described in this Resolution have ceased to exist, he shall proclaim such fact, and the provisions hereof shall thereupon cease to apply.

Termination of provisions.

Approved, January 8, 1937, at 12.30 p. m.