

Laws not impaired.
Pure food Act.
Vol. 34, p. 768.

SEC. 12. That nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to impair, alter, amend, or repeal any of the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and six, entitled "An Act for preventing the manufacture, sale, or transportation of adulterated or misbranded, or poisonous, or deleterious foods, drugs, medicines, and liquors, and for regulating traffic therein, and for other purposes," and any amendment thereof, or of the Act approved February ninth, nineteen hundred and nine, entitled "An Act to prohibit the importation and use of opium for other than medicinal purposes," and any amendment thereof.

Approved, December 17, 1914.

December 23, 1914.
[S. 94.]

CHAP. 2.—An Act To amend an Act entitled "An Act to codify, revise, and amend the laws relating to the judiciary," approved March third, nineteen hundred and eleven.

[Public, No. 224.]

Judicial Code.
Vol. 36, p. 1156,
amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section two hundred and thirty-seven of chapter ten of an Act entitled "An Act to codify, revise, and amend the laws relating to the judiciary," approved March third, nineteen hundred and eleven, is hereby amended by adding thereto the following:

Supreme Court.
Certiorari allowed,
from State courts
where decision for or
against validity of
treaties, statutes, etc.
Post, p. 804.

"It shall be competent for the Supreme Court to require, by certiorari or otherwise, any such case to be certified to the Supreme Court for its review and determination, with the same power and authority in the case as if it had been carried by appeal or writ of error to the Supreme Court, although the decision in such case may have been in favor of the validity of the treaty or statute or authority exercised under the United States or may have been against the validity of the State statute or authority claimed to be repugnant to the Constitution, treaties, or laws of the United States, or in favor of the title, right, privilege, or immunity claimed under the Constitution, treaty, statute, commission, or authority of the United States.

Approved, December 23, 1914.

December 28, 1914.
[H. R. 6867.]

CHAP. 3.—An Act To increase and fix the compensation of the collector of customs for the customs collection district of Omaha.

[Public, No. 225.]

Customs.
Pay of collector,
Omaha district, in-
creased.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the compensation of the collector of customs for the customs collection district of Omaha shall be increased from \$2,500 per annum, as provided in the plan of reorganization of the customs service promulgated by the President on March third, nineteen hundred and thirteen, to \$3,500 per annum, and that compensation at the said rate of \$3,500 per annum shall be paid to the said collector of customs from and after June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and thirteen.

Approved, December 28, 1914.

January 2, 1915.
[S. 6227.]

CHAP. 4.—An Act Granting the consent of Congress to the Norfolk-Berkley Bridge Corporation, of Virginia, to construct a bridge across the Eastern Branch of the Elizabeth River in Virginia.

[Public, No. 226.]

Eastern Branch of
Elizabeth River.
Norfolk-Berkley
Bridge Corporation
may bridge, at Nor-
folk, Va.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Norfolk-Berkley Bridge Corporation, a corporation duly existing under the laws of the State of Virginia, and its successors and assigns, to construct, maintain, and operate