

same, and all other cases of contempt not specifically embraced within section twenty-one of this Act, may be punished in conformity to the usages at law and in equity now prevailing.

Time allowed for instituting contempt proceedings.

SEC. 25. That no proceeding for contempt shall be instituted against any person unless begun within one year from the date of the act complained of; nor shall any such proceeding be a bar to any criminal prosecution for the same act or acts; but nothing herein contained shall affect any proceedings in contempt pending at the time of the passage of this Act.

Invalidity of any clause, etc., not to affect remainder of Act.

SEC. 26. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, or part of this Act shall, for any reason, be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered.

Approved, October 15, 1914.

October 17, 1914.
[H. R. 11745.]

[Public, No. 213.]

Public lands.
Female citizen marrying an alien may receive homestead patent.

CHAP. 325.—An Act To provide for certificate of title to homestead entry by a female American citizen who has intermarried with an alien.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any female citizen of the United States who has initiated a claim to a tract of public land under any of the laws applicable thereto, and who thereafter has complied with all the conditions as to the acquisition of title to such land prescribed by the public-land laws of the United States, shall, notwithstanding her intermarriage with an alien, who is entitled to become a citizen of the United States, be entitled to a certificate or patent to such entry equally as though she had remained unmarried or had married an American citizen.

Approved, October 17, 1914.

October 20, 1914.
[H. R. 12665.]

[Public, No. 214.]

La Junta, Colo.
Limit of cost increased, public building at.

CHAP. 328.—An Act To increase the limit of cost of public building at La Junta, Colorado.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the limit of cost of the United States post-office building at La Junta, Colorado, be, and the same is hereby, increased \$10,000.

Approved, October 20, 1914.

October 20, 1914.
[H. R. 13296.]

[Public, No. 215.]

New York City, N. Y.
Enlargement of assay office.

Use of balances.
Vol. 36, p. 1378; Vol. 37, p. 422.

CHAP. 329.—An Act For the enlargement, and so forth, of the Wall Street front of the assay office in the city of New York.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all unexpended balances of appropriations heretofore made under the authority contained in the Acts of Congress approved March fourth, nineteen hundred and eleven, and August twenty-six, nineteen hundred and twelve, for the enlargement, and so forth, of the Wall Street front of the assay office in New York City, and for vaults therefor, and architectural, engineering, and other technical services in connection therewith, are hereby authorized to be made available for the erection of a new fireproof building on said Wall Street front, in continuation, or extension, of the present assay office building fronting on Pine Street, together with suitable vaults for use of said assay office and the adjoining subtreasury, and, if necessary, an entrance from or