

settled as aforesaid shall cease and determine and the title thereof shall revert in the United States in the same manner as if this law had not passed.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That nothing in this act shall be taken or considered in any manner to impair or affect the claims of the said settlers against any person or persons for or by reason of any contracts heretofore made by them, but that the same contracts shall be and remain in the same state as if this law had not passed.

APPROVED, March 3, 1795.

Settlers' claims against contractors not to be impaired.

STATUTE II.

CHAP. L.—*An Act for the more general promulgation of the laws of the United States.*(a)

March 3, 1795

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That, for the more general promulgation of the laws of the United States, the Secretary for the department of State shall, after the end of the next session of Congress, cause to be printed and collated at the public expense, a complete edition of the laws of the United States, comprising the constitution of the United States, the public acts then in force, and the treaties, together with an index to the same.

[Obsolete.]

Secretary of State to cause an edition of the laws, &c. to be printed.

1799, ch. 30.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That four thousand five hundred copies of the said edition shall be divided by the said secretary, among the respective states, and the territories northwest and south of the river Ohio, according to the rule for apportioning representatives; and that the proportion of each state or territory shall be transmitted by the said secretary to the governor or supreme executive magistrate thereof, to be deposited in such fixed and convenient place in each county, or other subordinate civil division of such state or territory, as the executive or legislature thereof shall deem most conducive to the general information of the people: and that five hundred copies of the said edition be reserved for the future disposition of Congress.

A certain number of copies to be distributed among the states.

1814, ch. 69.

Some to be reserved.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the acts passed at each succeeding session of Congress, including future treaties, shall be printed and distributed, in like manner and proportion.

APPROVED, March 3, 1795.

STATUTE II.

CHAP. LI.—*An Act making provision for the purposes of Trade with the Indians.*

March 3, 1795.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That a sum, not exceeding fifty thousand dollars, be appropriated to the purchase of goods for supplying the Indians within the limits of the United States, for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five; and that the sale of such goods be made under the direction of the President of the United States.

[Obsolete.]

Goods to be purchased for supplying the Indians.

APPROVED, March 3, 1795.

STATUTE II.

CHAP. LII.—*An Act to regulate the Compensation of Clerks.*

March 3, 1795.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of the department of State and the Secretary of the department of War, be authorized to vary, for the present year, the compensations heretofore established for clerks in their respective departments, in such manner as the services to be performed

[Obsolete.]

Compensations of clerks in the departments may be varied for the present year.

(a) See an Act for the more general promulgation of the laws of the United States, March 2, 1799, ch. 30.

Increase of compensation to one of the clerks of the director of the mint.

1796, ch. 40.

Clerk hire of the commissioners of loans, &c.

shall in their judgment require; so however that no principal clerk shall receive more than at the rate of one thousand dollars per annum, and that the aggregate of the compensations for clerks in either of the said departments shall not for the said year exceed the aggregate of the compensations allowed for clerks in the same department for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-four; and that an additional compensation not exceeding the rate of two hundred dollars per annum be allowed for one clerk employed by the director of the mint during the present year.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That there be allowed for the year one thousand seven hundred and ninety-five, to the commissioners of loans in the states of Massachusetts and New York respectively not exceeding five clerks at the rate of five hundred dollars each; to the commissioner of loans in the state of Connecticut not exceeding two clerks at the rate of four hundred dollars each; and to the commissioner of loans in the states of Pennsylvania, Virginia and South Carolina respectively not exceeding two clerks at the rate of five hundred dollars each. The aggregate of the compensations for clerks employed by either of the said commissioners to be apportioned among them at his discretion. That there be allowed for the year aforesaid in lieu of clerk hire to the commissioner of loans in the state of New Hampshire three hundred and fifty dollars; to the commissioner of loans in the state of Rhode Island four hundred dollars; to the commissioner of loans in the state of New Jersey three hundred dollars; and to the commissioner of loans in the state of Maryland two hundred and fifty dollars.

APPROVED, March 3, 1795.

STATUTE II.

March 3, 1795.

[Obsolete.]

President may in certain cases permit the exportation of arms, &c.

CHAP. LIII.—*An Act authorizing the exportation of Arms, Cannon and Military Stores in certain cases.*

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That in cases connected with the security of the commercial interest of the United States, and for public purposes only, the President of the United States be, and hereby is authorized to permit the exportation of arms, cannon and military stores, the law prohibiting the exportation of the same to the contrary notwithstanding.

APPROVED, March 3, 1795.

I. *Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the President of the United States be and hereby is requested to give directions to the Attorney General to collect, digest and report to the next Congress, the charters, treaties and other documents relative to, and explanatory of, the title to the land situate in the South Western parts of the United States and claimed by certain companies under a law of the State of Georgia passed the seventh day of January last, namely, a tract of land claimed by James Gunn, Matthew McAllister, and George Walker, and their associates; also a tract of land claimed by Nicholas Long, Thomas Glascock, Ambrose Gordon, and Thomas Cumming, and their associates; also a tract of land claimed by John B. Scott, John C. Nightingale, and Wade Hampton, and their associates; and also a tract of land claimed by Zachariah Cox, and Mathias Maher, and their associates.

Passed by both Houses March 3, 1795