

**CHAP. 1135.**—An act to provide an American register for the steamer Joseph Oteri, junior, of New Orleans, Louisiana.

September 30, 1890.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Commissioner of Navigation is hereby authorized and directed to cause the foreign-built steamer, Joseph Oteri, junior, of New Orleans, Louisiana, purchased and wholly owned by American citizens, and repaired by them, to be registered as a vessel of the United States.

“Joseph Oteri, junior.”

American register granted to foreign-built steamer.

Inspection, etc.

**SEC. 2.** That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and hereby is, authorized and directed to authorize and direct the inspection of said steam-vessel, steam-boiler, steam-pipes, and the appurtenances of said boiler, and cause to be granted the proper and usual certificate issued to steam-vessels of the merchant marine, without reference to the fact that said steam-boiler, steam-pipes, and appurtenances were not constructed pursuant to the laws of the United States, and were not constructed of iron stamped pursuant to said laws; and the tests to be applied to the inspection of said boiler, steam-pipes, and appurtenances will be the same in all respects as to strength and safety as are required in the inspection of boilers constructed in the United States for marine purposes, save the fact that said boiler, steam-pipes, and appurtenances not being constructed pursuant to the requirements of the laws of the United States, and are of unstamped iron, shall not be an obstacle to the granting of the usual certificate, if said boiler, steam-pipes, and appurtenances are found to be of sufficient strength and safety.

Approved, September 30, 1890.

**CHAP. 1239.**—An act to open abandoned military reservations in the State of Nevada to homestead entry.

October 1, 1890.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That all the agricultural lands embraced within the military reservations in the State of Nevada which have been placed under the control of the Secretary of the Interior for disposition be disposed of under the homestead laws, and not otherwise.

Public lands. Abandoned military reservations in Nevada, opened to homestead entry only.

Approved, October 1, 1890.

**CHAP. 1240.**—An act to provide for the disposal of the Old Fort Lyon and Fort Lyon and Pagosa Springs military reservations, in the State of Colorado, to actual settlers, under the provisions of the homestead laws.

October 1, 1890.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the lands embraced in the former military reservation known as Fort Lyon and the former military reservation known as Old Fort Lyon, in the State of Colorado, shall, from and after the passage of this act, be subject to disposal, to actual settlers thereon, as lands held at the minimum price, according to the provisions of the homestead laws only: *Provided,* That section numbered four, in township numbered twenty-three, range numbered fifty-one, shall not be subject to the provisions of this act, and it is hereby exempted from the same.

Public lands.

Lands of Old Fort Lyon, Fort Lyon, and Pagosa Springs reservations, opened to homestead entry only. Fort Lyon, and Old Fort Lyon.

*Proviso.*

Limitations.

Pagosa Springs.

**SEC. 2.** That the lands embraced in the former military reservation known as Pagosa Springs military reservation, lying partly in townships thirty-five and thirty-six, ranges one and two west of the New Mexico meridian, containing twenty-two thousand four hundred and seventy-one and seventy-seven one-hundredths acres, in the State of Colorado, shall, from and after the passage of this act,