

Depredations. No. 210. For mail depredations and special agents, twenty-eight thousand dollars.

Clerks. No. 211. For clerks for offices, (i. e. to deputy postmasters,) two hundred thousand dollars.

Miscellaneous. No. 212. For miscellaneous, fifty-eight thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the President and the Postmaster General shall have the same power to transfer funds from one to another head of appropriation, between the foregoing appropriations, made for the service of the General Post Office, as the President and any other head of an Executive Department now have to transfer funds appropriated under one head to the service of another, in any other branch of the public service.

APPROVED, May 18, 1842.

STATUTE II.

May 18, 1842.

Act of June 18,

1838, ch. 118.

Act of Jan. 18,

1839, ch. 3.

Vol. 2, 273.

Times of hold-

ing said courts

in East Tennes-

see.

West Tennes-

see.

The judge may

adjourn a cause.

Rule days to

be fixed, and

orders made by

the courts.

1st sec. act 4th

July 1840, ch.

42, repealed.

CHAP. XXX.—*An Act changing the times of holding the circuit and district courts of the United States for the districts of East and West Tennessee.*(a)

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the circuit and district courts of the United States for the district of East Tennessee, shall hereafter be held at Knoxville in said district, on the first Mondays in November and May, in each and every year, instead of the times heretofore fixed by law; and that the circuit and district courts for the district of West Tennessee shall hereafter be held at Jackson, in said district, on the second Mondays in October and April, in each and every year, instead of the times heretofore fixed by law—the spring terms of said circuit court at Knoxville and Jackson, as herein provided, to be held by the district judge; and should any difficult question of law arise in any cause, said judge may, at his discretion, adjourn said cause to the succeeding term of said court. And all writs, pleas, suits, recognizances, indictments, or other proceedings, civil or criminal, issued, commenced, or pending in either of said courts, shall be returnable to, be entered and have day in court, and be heard and tried according to the times of holding said courts, as herein provided.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That such rule days, for the return of process and the filing of pleadings, may from time to time be fixed, and other orders made by said courts, respectively, not inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of the United States, as may be necessary or proper for the convenience of parties and the advancement of business in said courts; and that the first section of "An act to amend an act, approved the eighteenth of January, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, entitled 'An act to amend an act entitled an act to require the judge of the district of East and West Tennessee to hold a court at Jackson, in said State,' approved June the eighteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, and for other purposes," approved July the fourth, eighteen hundred and forty, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

APPROVED, May 18, 1842.

STATUTE II.

June 1, 1842.

Act of March
10, 1838, ch. 33.

1844, ch. 5.

The July term
now held at Co-
lumbus to be
held at Cincin-
nati.

CHAP. XXXI.—*An Act to amend the act of the tenth of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, entitled "An act to change the time of holding the circuit and district courts in the district of Ohio."*

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the term of the circuit and district courts of the United States, in the district of Ohio, now required by law to be held on the first Monday of July, annually, at Columbus, shall hereafter be held at the city of Cincinnati; and all process and recognizances, and other proceedings taken or issued, or made returnable at Columbus, at the said July term next, shall be re-

(a) See notes to the act of June 18, 1839, chap. 3.

turnable at the said term at Cincinnati; and the said district court shall have power, whenever, in the opinion of the judge thereof, it may be necessary for the convenient administration of justice, to hold an adjourned term of said district court at the city of Cleveland, in said district, at such time as he may think proper; and the said district court may make all necessary rules for holding such adjourned term of said court, and for the proper return of process.

An adjourned term may be held at Cleveland.

The court may make the necessary rules.

APPROVED, June 1, 1842.

CHAP. XXXII.—*An Act regulating commercial intercourse with the port of Cayenne, in the colony of French Guiana, and to remit certain duties.* (a)

STATUTE II.
June 1, 1842.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the act entitled "An act regulating the commercial intercourse with the islands of Martinique and Guadaloupe," approved on the ninth of May, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, admitting French vessels coming from, and laden with articles, the growth and manufacture of either of the said islands, are hereby extended to the vessels of the same nation coming from the port of Cayenne, in the colony of French Guiana, so as to entitle said vessels coming directly from said port of Cayenne, and laden with articles the growth or manufacture of said colony, which are permitted to be exported therefrom in American vessels, to admission into the ports of the United States, on payment of no higher duties of tonnage, or on their cargoes, as aforesaid, than are imposed on American vessels, and on like cargoes therein imported: *Provided*, That if the President of the United States shall, at any time, receive satisfactory information that the privileges allowed to American vessels and their cargoes in the said colony of French Guiana by the arretes of its Governor, bearing date the fifth of December, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, and the twenty-eighth of December, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, and by the tariffs and regulations in force in the colony, have been revoked or annulled, he is hereby authorized, by proclamation, to suspend the operations of this act, and withhold all privileges allowed under it.

French vessels coming directly from Cayenne, &c. to pay no higher duties than American vessels.
1828, ch. 49.

President authorized to suspend the operations of this act, when.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to refund, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such amount of duty, inconsistent with the provisions of the first section of this act, which, since the arretes, and the tariffs, and regulations referred to in the provisions to the first section of this act, have been in operation in said colony, as may have been levied in the ports of the United States upon any French vessels coming directly from the port of Cayenne, laden with such articles, the growth or manufacture of said colony, which were allowed to be exported therefrom in American vessels.

Certain duties to be refunded.

APPROVED, June 1, 1842.

CHAP. XXXVIII.—*An Act to authorize the collector of the district of Fairfield to reside in either of the towns of Fairfield or Bridgeport.*

STATUTE II.
June 4, 1842.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That so much of the act entitled "An act to regulate the duties on imports and tonnage," approved March second, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, as requires the collector for the district of Fairfield, in the State of Connecticut, to reside in the town of Fairfield, be, and the same is hereby, repealed;

So much of act 2d March 1799, ch. 22, as requires the collector to reside at Fairfield, repealed, &c.

(a) See notes of the acts relating to discriminating duties, vol. 4, 2.